

FRIABLE AND DAMAGED FRIABLE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS SURVEY FOR BUILDINGS 758, 759, 760, 762, AND 763 AT THE CHARLESTON NAVAL SHIPYARD CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

Contract # N62467-00-D-0341 Delivery Order # 0008 CAPE Project #00009.006.000

Prepared For:



2155 Eagle Drive, PO Box 190010 North Charleston, SC 29419-9010

Prepared By:



2302 Parklake Drive, NE, Suite 200 Atlanta, GA 30345-2907 (770) 908-7200

Contacts

Hugo Rios, A.I.A., Program Manager Mike Spradling, Project Manager

AUGUST 2000

Friable and Damaged Friable Asbestos-Containing Materials Survey for Buildings 758, 759, 760, 762, and 763 at Charleston Naval Shipyard Charleston, South Carolina

Contents

Section	Page #
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	1
INTRODUCTION	2
SURVEY FINDINGS	

Survey Findings within each tabbed section are presented in Four Parts (as listed below):

- Part 1 Friable ACM Inventory (presented in tabular format including homogeneous area number, material description, homogeneous area location, material type, approximate homogeneous area quantity and condition assessment)
- Part 2 Summary of Damaged Friable ACM (presented in tabular format including homogeneous area number, material description, damage location, approximate damaged quantity and recommended abatement response actions)
- Part 3 Summary of Bulk Sample Analysis Results (presented in tabular format including homogeneous area number, material description, sample I.D. numbers, homogeneous area location, individual bulk sample analysis results, and asbestoscontaining material classification)
- Part 4 Floor Plan(s) Indicating Bulk Sample Locations and Extent of Identified Friable ACM (including areas of damage)

The Appendix contains the following information:

- Laboratory Reports: Asbestos Bulk Sample Analysis Results
- Personnel and Laboratory Certifications and Accreditations

Tabbed Sections

	<u>Tab</u>
Building 758	758
Building 759	759
Building 760	760
Building 762	762
Building 763	763
Appendix	Appendix

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

CAPE Environmental Management Inc (CAPE) was retained by Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (Southern Division NAVFACENGCOM) to prepare a detailed survey, inventory, and assessment of friable and damaged friable asbestos-containing material (ACM) of buildings 758, 759, 760, 762, and 763 at the Charleston Naval Shipyard, Charleston, South Carolina. The field investigation was conducted on May 17, 2000, May 18, 2000, and July 13, 2000 under contract number N62467-00-D-0345 and delivery order number 0008. CAPE personnel, who maintain applicable Environmental Protection Agency/Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (EPA/AHERA) accreditations, conducted the asbestos survey.

The purpose of the survey was to provide an inventory of friable ACM in each building and assess the condition for compliance with the Department of Defense (DoD) policy on asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) properties.

Damaged friable ACMs identified in this survey are listed below.

Building 758

• Pipe insulation on domestic water lines, magnesia-type

Building 759

- Pipe insulation on domestic water and steam lines, magnesia-type
- Transite-type panel
- Boiler gaskets
- Debris

Building 760

- Plaster ceiling
- Pipe insulation on domestic water lines, magnesia-type
- Pipe fitting insulation on magnesia-type insulated piping
- Contaminated soil

Building 762

Contaminated soil

Building 763

· Contaminated soil

INTRODUCTION

Cape Environmental Management Inc (CAPE) was retained by Southern Division, Naval Facilities Engineering Command (Southern Division NAVFACENGCOM) to prepare a detailed survey, inventory and assessment of friable and damaged friable asbestos-containing material (ACM) located in five buildings at the Charleston Naval Shipyard, Charleston, SC. The survey was performed by EPA/AHERA accredited asbestos building inspectors David Bratley (EPA/AHERA Accreditation Certificate #6419, South Carolina Accreditation Certificate #22840), Michael Black (EPA/AHERA Accreditation Certificate #2643, South Carolina Accreditation Certificate #23059), and Brian Downes (EPA/AHERA Accreditation Certificate #6624, South Carolina Accreditation Certificate #22770). The field investigation was conducted on May 17, 2000, May 18, 2000, and July 13, 2000 under contract number N62467-00-D-0345 and delivery order number 0008.

The purpose of this survey was to update the existing inventory of friable ACM and to re-assess the condition of ACM (homogenous areas) for compliance with the DoD Policy on Asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Properties.

The asbestos field investigation criteria established for this project consisted of inspecting interior and exterior areas of each facility for suspect-friable ACM and collecting bulk samples in accordance with the criteria outlined in 40 CFR Part 763, Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA).

Once suspect-ACM were identified, homogeneous sampling areas (areas that are uniform in color, texture, construction/application date, and general appearance) were delineated. Each homogeneous sampling area was then assigned a unique homogeneous area (HA) number and the appropriate number of bulk samples were collected from each HA.

Suspect-ACM samples were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) using dispersion staining techniques in accordance with U.S EPA/600/R-93/116 Method of July 1993. CAPE's laboratory located in Atlanta, GA (NVLAP # 102111) served as the primary laboratory for PLM analysis. In accordance with EPA's 1994 clarification for analysis of multi-layered systems, suspect materials are treated as asbestos containing if one or more layers of the material is determined to contain greater than 1% asbestos. Materials Analytical Services, Inc. [NVLAP Lab Code 101235] located in Suwanee, Georgia performed quality control analysis. See the Appendix for copies of primary and quality control laboratory analytical results.

In accordance with the Navy's scope of work, friable ACM determined to contain asbestos in quantities of less than 1% (by initial PLM analysis) were verified by PLM point counting as a means to quantitatively confirm whether asbestos content was above or below 1%. Results subsequently determined by PLM point counting to contain less than 1% asbestos were considered to be non asbestos containing. CAPE's laboratory located in Atlanta, GA (NVLAP # 102111) served as the laboratory for PLM point count analysis.

Survey Findings

DESCRIPTION: Officer's Quarters (vacant)

Building 758 is a two-level structure totaling 3,500 square feet plus two attic spaces. The building was constructed in 1942.

PART 1 – FRIABLE ACM INVENTORY:

CAPE conducted a survey and inventory of friable ACM at this facility in July 2000. This survey was conducted to provide an inventory of friable ACM and to assess the condition of ACM (homogenous areas) for compliance with the DoD Policy on Asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Properties. The following table provides an inventory of friable ACM identified:

Friable ACM Inventory

	HA#	Material Description	HA Location	Material Type	Approximate HA Quantity	Condition Assessment
Γ	2	Pipe insulation on	Attic 1 and	Thermal system	580 linear feet	Damaged
1		domestic water lines,	Attic 2	insulation		
		magnesia-type				

In accordance with federal regulations, non-friable suspect ACM which were not inventoried or sampled as part of the scope of work for this project (as well as any "assumed" or "presumed" asbestos-containing materials) should be treated as asbestos-containing material and properly managed until testing is performed to demonstrate no asbestos is present.

PART 2 – DAMAGED FRIABLE ACM:

The following table provides a site-specific inventory of damaged and/or significantly damaged friable ACM. In accordance with DoD policy on asbestos at BRAC properties, CAPE recommends the Navy retain a licensed asbestos consultant/abatement contractor to complete the recommended abatement response actions outlined in the table below.

Damaged Friable ACM

]	HA#	Material Description	Damage Location	Approximate Damaged Quantity	Recommended Abatement Response Action
	2	Pipe insulation on domestic water lines, magnesia-type	Attic 1 and Attic 2	45 linear feet	Repair

Non-Damaged/Friable ACM:

DoD policy allows transfer of properties "as is" if they contain ACM which is not in damaged/friable condition. Therefore, any friable ACM identified in this report as being in good condition, and which remain in good condition, is not required to be remediated prior to transfer. All friable ACM in good condition should be properly managed until the facility is transferred through the BRAC process.

PART 3 - BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS:

Samples collected by CAPE were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method EPA/600/R-93/116 of July 1993. CAPE's laboratory in Atlanta, Georgia (NVLAP Lab Code 10211), served as the primary analytical laboratory. The table below provides a summary of analysis results for bulk samples collected from suspect friable ACM by CAPE. In accordance with federal and state regulations, a suspect material is considered to be ACM if it is determined to contain more than 1% asbestos by PLM (or is assumed to contain more than 1% asbestos).

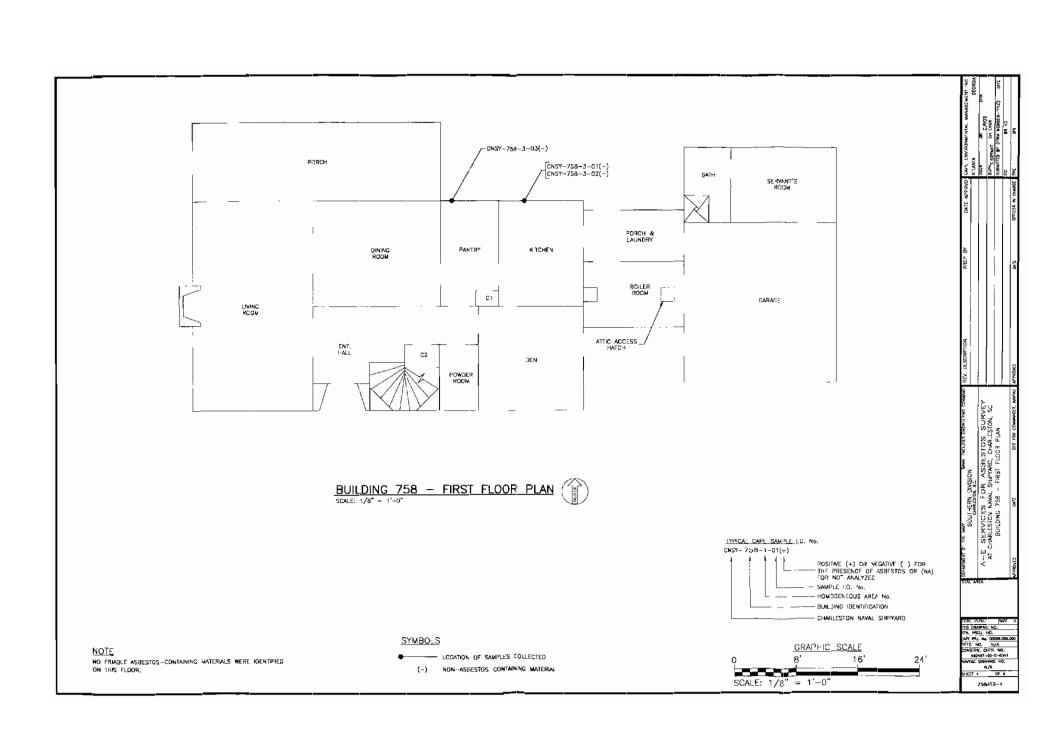
Summary of Suspect Friable ACM

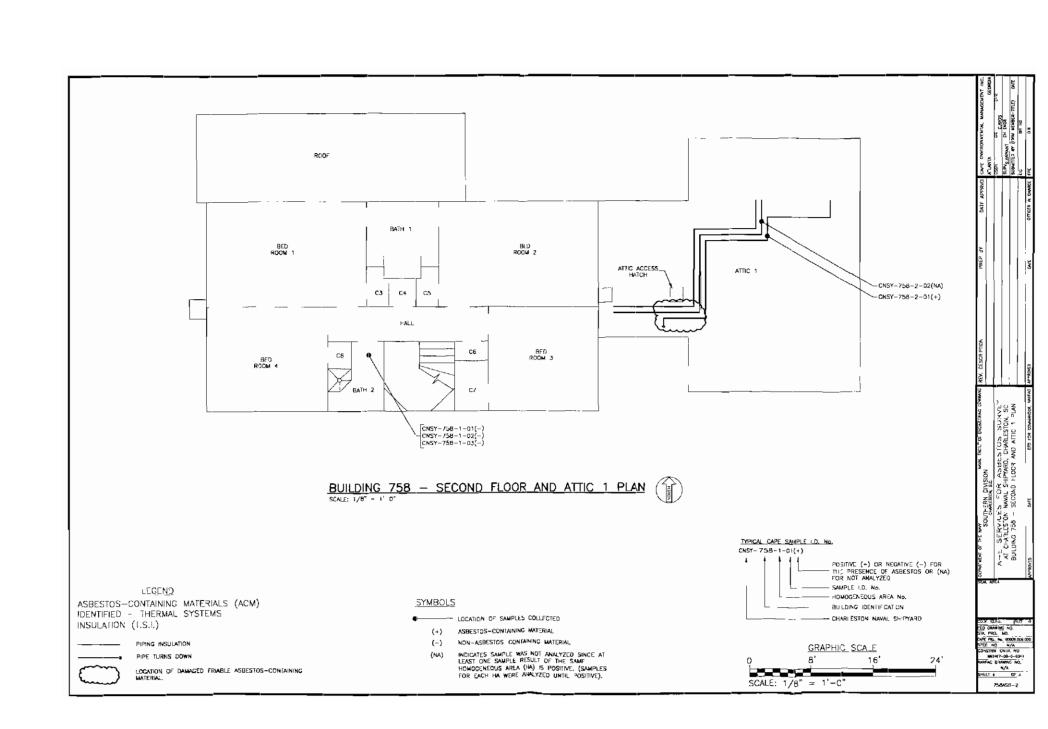
HA#	Material Description	Homogeneous Area Location	Sample I.D.	Analysis Result	ACM (YES/NO)
	D d . d d		CNSY-758-1-01	NAD	
1	Damaged plaster	Bath 2	CNSY-758-1-02	NAD	NO
	ceiling		CNSY-758-1-03	NAD	
	Pipe insulation on domestic water lines, magnesia- type	Attic 1 and Attic 2	CNSY-758-2-01	15% CHR, 15% AMO	
2			CNSY-758-2-02	Not Analyzed	YES
			CNSY-758-2-03	Not Analyzed	
		Window putty Exterior	CNSY-758-3-01	NAD	
3	Window putty		CNSY-758-3-02	NAD	NO
	, ,		CNSY-758-3-03	NAD	

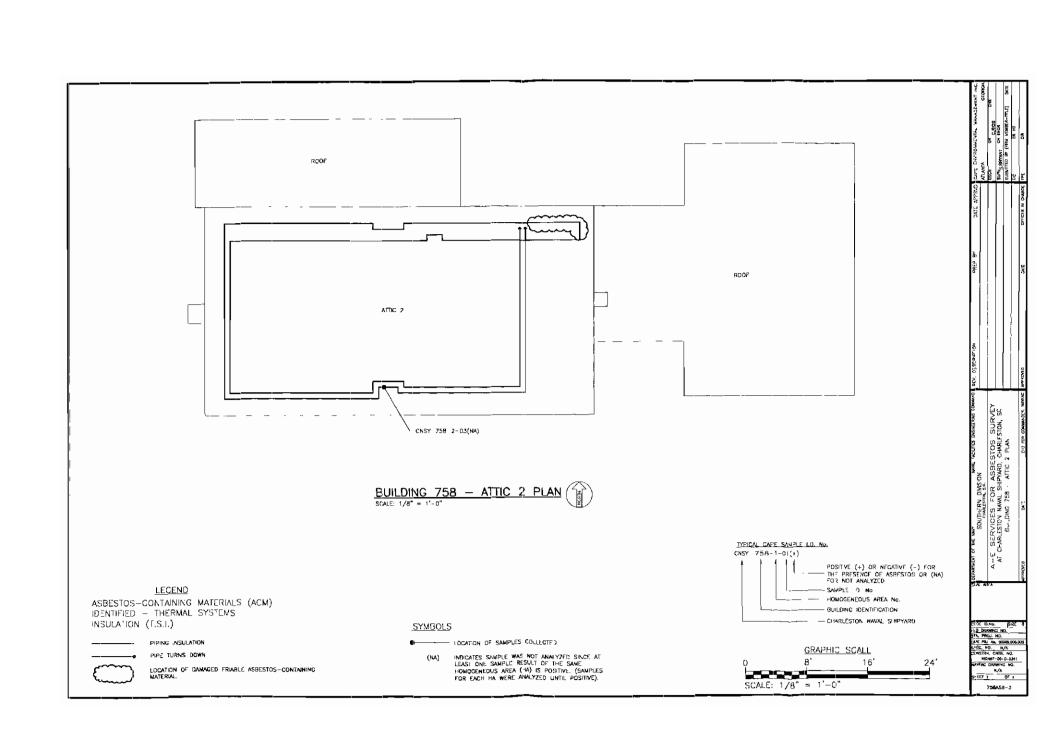
EPA's PLM test method requires individual strata layers within a multi-layered material to be analyzed separately and separate analysis results to be reported for each layer. Multi-layered materials are, therefore, considered to be ACM if one or more layer(s) contain greater than 1% asbestos. Specific examples of multi-layered materials include plaster and stucco systems, and materials "added" to wallboard or other base materials (e.g., sprayed-on materials, skim coats, paints, ceiling or wall texture, etc.).

Part 4

Floor Plan(s) Indicating Bulk
Sample Locations and Extent of
Identified Friable ACM
(Including Damage Locations)







DESCRIPTION: Officer's Quarters (vacant)

Building 759 is a two-level structure totaling 3,600 square feet plus an attic space. The building was constructed in 1942.

PART 1 – FRIABLE ACM INVENTORY:

CAPE conducted a survey and inventory of friable ACM at this facility in May 2000. This survey was conducted to provide an inventory of friable ACM and to assess the condition of ACM (homogenous areas) for compliance with the DoD Policy on Asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Properties. The following table provides an inventory of friable ACM identified:

Friable ACM Inventory

НА#	Material Description	HA Location	Material Type	Approximate HA Quantity	Gondition Assessment
3	Pipe insulation on domestic water and steam lines, magnesia-type	Plenum	Thermal system insulation	50 linear feet	Significantly damaged
4	Damaged transite-type panel	Plenum	Miscellaneous	5 square feet	Damaged
5	Damaged boiler gaskets	Mechanical Room	Thermal system insulation	3 each	Significantly damaged
6	Debris	Plenum	Thermal system insulation	60 square feet	Significantly damaged

In accordance with federal regulations, non-friable suspect ACM which were not inventoried or sampled as part of the scope of work for this project (as well as any "assumed" or "presumed" asbestos-containing materials) should be treated as asbestos-containing material and properly managed until testing is performed to demonstrate no asbestos is present.

PART 2 – DAMAGED FRIABLE ACM:

The following table provides a site-specific inventory of damaged and/or significantly damaged friable ACM. In accordance with DoD policy on asbestos at BRAC properties, CAPE recommends the Navy retain a licensed asbestos consultant/abatement contractor to complete the recommended abatement response actions outlined in the table below.

Damaged Friable ACM

HA#	Material Description	Damage Location	Approximate Damaged Quantity	Recommended Abatement Response Action
3	Pipe insulation on domestic water and steam lines, magnesia-type	Plenum	50 linear feet	Remove and replace
4	Transite-type panel	Plenum	5 square feet	Remove
5	Boiler gaskets	Mechanical Room	3 each	Remove and replace
6	Debris	Plenum	60 square feet	Remove

Non-Damaged/Friable ACM:

DoD policy allows transfer of properties "as is" if they contain ACM which is not in damaged/friable condition. Therefore, any friable ACM identified in this report as being in good condition, and which remain in good condition, is not required to be remediated prior to transfer. All friable ACM in good condition should be properly managed until the facility is transferred through the BRAC process.

PART 3 - BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS:

Samples collected by CAPE were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method EPA/600/R-93/116 of July 1993. CAPE's laboratory in Atlanta, Georgia (NVLAP Lab Code 10211), served as the primary analytical laboratory. The table below provides a summary of analysis results for bulk samples collected from suspect friable ACM by CAPE. In accordance with federal and state regulations, a suspect material is considered to be ACM if it is determined to contain more than 1% asbestos by PLM (or is assumed to contain more than 1% asbestos).

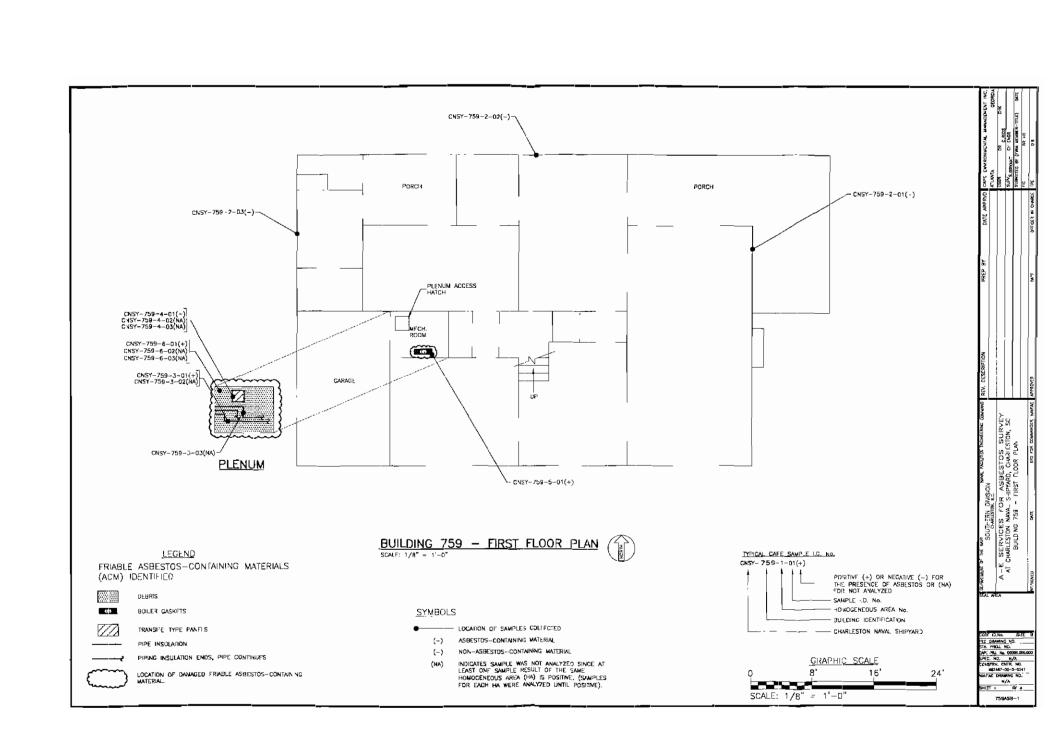
Summary of Suspect Friable ACM

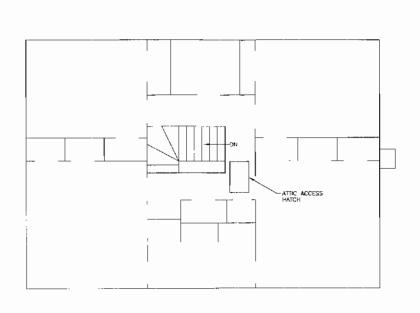
НА#	Material Description	Homogeneous Area Location	Sample I.D.	Analysis Result	ACM (YES/NO)		
	Caracanaliad		CNSY-759-1-01	NAD			
1	Spray-applied insulation	Attic	CNSY-759-1-02	NAD	NO		
	Hisulation		CNSY-759-1-03	NAD			
			QC-CNSY-759-2-01	NAD			
2	Damaged window	Exterior	CNSY-759-2-01	NAD	NO		
2	putty	Exterior	CNSY-759-2-02	NAD	NO		
			CNSY-759-2-03	NAD			
	Pipe insulation on domestic water and steam lines, magnesia-type	•	· •		CNSY-759-3-01	10% CHR, 10% AMO	
3		steam lines,	CNSY-759-3-02	Not Analyzed	YES		
			CNSY-759-3-03	Not Analyzed			
	D 14 '4.		CNSY-759-4-01	35% CHR			
4	Damaged transite-	Plenum	CNSY-759-4-02	Not Analyzed	YES		
	type panel		CNSY-759-4-03	Not Analyzed			
5	Damaged gasket material	Mechanical Room	CNSY-759-5-01	80% CHR	YES		
			CNSY-759-6-01	20% CHR, 10% AMO	YES		
6	Debris	Plenum	CNSY-759-6-02	Not Analyzed			
				CNSY-759-6-03			Not Analyzed

EPA's PLM test method requires individual strata layers within a multi-layered material to be analyzed separately and separate analysis results to be reported for each layer. Multi-layered materials are, therefore, considered to be ACM if one or more layer(s) contain greater than 1% asbestos. Specific examples of multi-layered materials include plaster and stucco systems, and materials "added" to wallboard or other base materials (e.g., sprayed-on materials, skim coats, paints, ceiling or wall texture, etc.).

Part 4

Floor Plan(s) Indicating Bulk Sample Locations and Extent of Identified Friable ACM (Including Damage Locations)

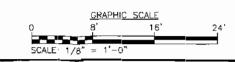




BUILDING 759 — SECOND FLOOR PLAN SCALE: 1/8" = 1"-0"



 \underline{NOTE} m) frable asbestos-containing materials were identified on this floor.



WINEIT OF THE MOVE CONTINUES DEPORTED ON SOUTHERN DIVISION A.—E. SERVICES FOR ASBESTOS SURVEY AT CHARLESTON MANAL SHIPMAD, CHARLESTON, SC BULDING 759 - SECOND FLOOR PLAN

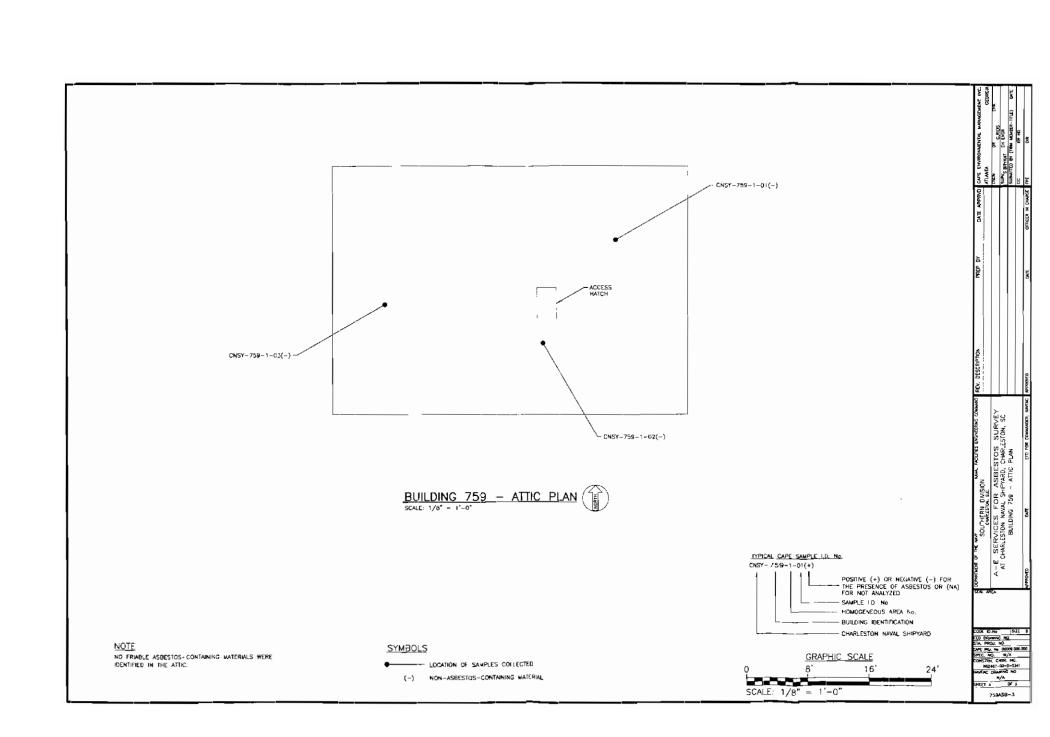
STL PROJ NO.

CAY PRI, No. 00008 006:
SSSC. NO. H/A

CKHSTRIN CNTR NO.
H62467-00-0-0341
NJVFAC DRAWNED NO.
H/A

S-CET 2 OF 3

750AS8-2



DESCRIPTION: Officer's Quarters (vacant)

Building 760 is a one-level structure totaling 3,300 square feet plus a crawlspace and an attic space. The building was constructed in 1942.

PART 1 – FRIABLE ACM INVENTORY:

CAPE conducted a survey and inventory of friable ACM at this facility in May 2000. This survey was conducted to provide an inventory of friable ACM and to assess the condition of ACM (homogenous areas) for compliance with the DoD Policy on Asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Properties. The following table provides an inventory of friable ACM identified:

Friable ACM Inventory

HA#	Material Description	HA Location	Material Type	Approximate HA Quantity	Condition Assessment
2	Damaged plaster ceiling	Kitchen	Surfacing	20 square feet	Damaged
4	Pipe insulation on domestic water lines, magnesia-type	Crawlspace	Thermal system insulation	600 linear feet	Significantly damaged
6	Pipe fitting insulation on magnesia-type insulated piping	Crawlspace	Thermal system insulation	40 each	Significantly damaged
7	Contaminated soil	Crawlspace	Thermal system insulation	2,700 square feet	Significantly damaged

In accordance with federal regulations, non-friable suspect ACM which were not inventoried or sampled as part of the scope of work for this project (as well as any "assumed" or "presumed" asbestos-containing materials) should be treated as asbestos-containing material and properly managed until testing is performed to demonstrate no asbestos is present.

PART 2 - DAMAGED FRIABLE ACM:

The following table provides a site-specific inventory of damaged and/or significantly damaged friable ACM. In accordance with DoD policy on asbestos at BRAC properties, CAPE recommends the Navy retain a licensed asbestos consultant/abatement contractor to complete the recommended abatement response actions outlined in the table below.

Damaged Friable ACM

HÅ #	Material Description	Damage Location	Approximate Damaged Quantity	Recommended Abatement Response Action
2	Plaster ceiling	Kitchen	20 square feet	Repair
4	Pipe insulation on domestic water lines, magnesia-type	Crawlspace	600 linear feet	Remove and replace
6	Pipe fitting insulation on magnesia-type insulated piping	Crawlspace	40 each	Remove and replace
7	Contaminated soil	Crawlspace	2,700 square feet	Remove

Non-Damaged/Friable ACM:

DoD policy allows transfer of properties "as is" if they contain ACM which is not in damaged/friable condition. Therefore, any friable ACM identified in this report as being in good condition, and which remain in good condition, is not required to be remediated prior to transfer. All friable ACM in good condition should be properly managed until the facility is transferred through the BRAC process.

PART 3 - BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS:

Samples collected by CAPE were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method EPA/600/R-93/116 of July 1993. CAPE's laboratory in Atlanta, Georgia (NVLAP Lab Code 10211), served as the primary analytical laboratory. The table below provides a summary of analysis results for bulk samples collected from suspect friable ACM by CAPE. In accordance with federal and state regulations, a suspect material is considered to be ACM if it is determined to contain more than 1% asbestos).

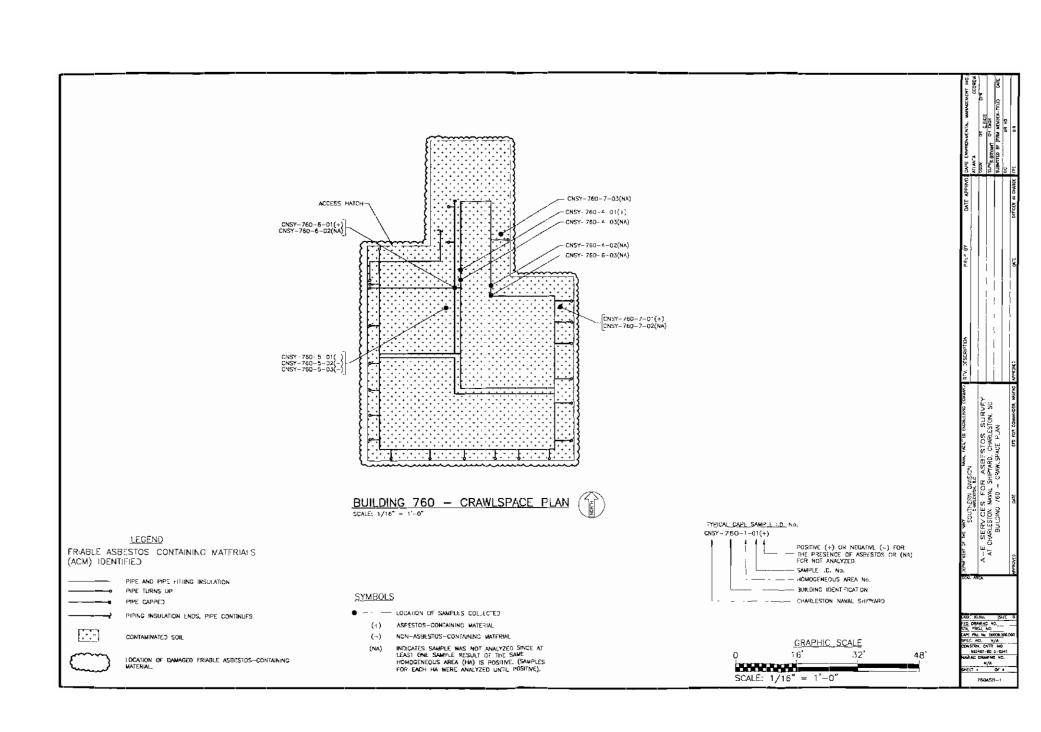
Summary of Suspect Friable ACM

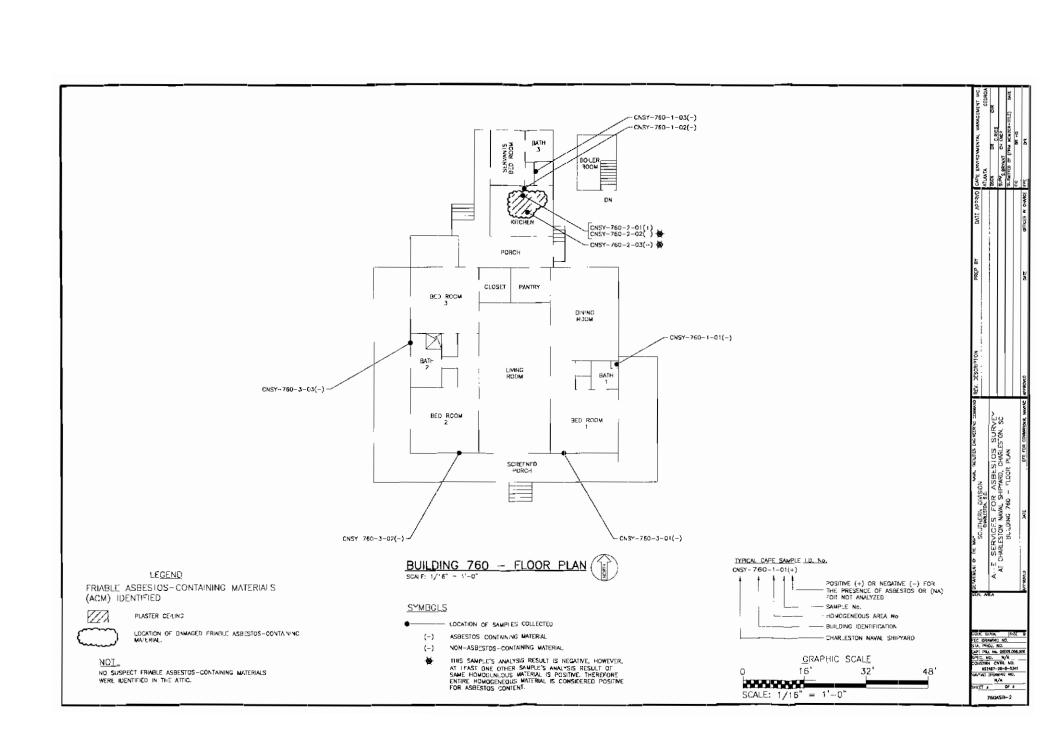
HA#	Material Description	Homogeneous Area Location	Sample I.D.	Analysis Result	ACM (YES/NO)	
			QC-CNSY-760-1-01	NAD		
1	Damaged plaster	Kitchen and	CNSY-760-1-01	NAD	NO	
ı	walls	Bath 1	CNSY-760-1-02	0.25% CHR (PC)	NO	
			CNSY-760-1-03	NAD		
_ " "	Damaged plaster		CNSY-760-2-01	4% CHR		
2	ceiling	Kitchen	CNSY-760-2-02	NAD	YES	
	centing		CNSY-760-2-03	NAD		
			QC-CNSY-760-3-01	NAD		
3	Damaged window	Exterior	CNSY-760-3-01	NAD	NO	
3	putty	Exterior	CNSY-760-3-02	NAD		
			CNSY-760-3-03	NAD		
	Pipe insulation on	onnestic water nes, magnesia-	CNSY-760-4-01	10% CHR, 20% AMO	YES	
4	lines, magnesia- type		CNSY-760-4-02	Not Analyzed		
			CNSY-760-4-03	Not Analyzed		
	Pipe insulation on		CNSY-760-5-01	NAD		
5	steam lines,	Crawlspace	CNSY-760-5-02	NAD	NO	
	magnesia-type		CNSY-760-5-03	NAD		
	Pipe fitting		CNSY-760-6-01	20% CHR, 3% CRO		
6	insulation on magnesia-type	Crawlspace	CNSY-760-6-02	Not Analyzed	YES	
	insulated lines		CNSY-760-6-03	Not Analyzed		
			CNSY-760-7-01	60% CHR, 2% AMO		
7	Soil	Crawlspace	CNSY-760-7-02	Not Analyzed	YES	
	•		CNSY-760-7-03	Not Analyzed		

EPA's PLM test method requires individual strata layers within a multi-layered material to be analyzed separately and separate analysis results to be reported for each layer. Multi-layered materials are, therefore, considered to be ACM if one or more layer(s) contain greater than 1% asbestos. Specific examples of multi-layered materials include plaster and stucco systems, and materials "added" to wallboard or other base materials (e.g., sprayed-on materials, skim coats, paints, ceiling or wall texture, etc.).

Part 4

Floor Plan(s) Indicating Bulk
Sample Locations and Extent of
Identified Friable ACM
(Including Damage Locations)





DESCRIPTION: Officer's Quarters (vacant)

Building 762 is a two-level structure totaling 2,150 square feet plus a crawlspace. The building was constructed in 1942.

PART 1 – FRIABLE ACM INVENTORY:

CAPE conducted a survey and inventory of friable ACM at this facility in May 2000. This survey was conducted to provide an inventory of friable ACM and to assess the condition of ACM (homogenous areas) for compliance with the DoD Policy on Asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Properties. The following table provides an inventory of friable ACM identified:

Friable ACM Inventory

на#	Material Description	HA Location	Material Type	Approximate HA Quantity	Condition Assessment
1	Contaminated Soil	Crawlspace	Thermal system	1,610 square	Significantly damaged
			insulation	feet	

In accordance with federal regulations, non-friable suspect ACM which were not inventoried or sampled as part of the scope of work for this project (as well as any "assumed" or "presumed" asbestos-containing materials) should be treated as asbestos-containing material and properly managed until testing is performed to demonstrate no asbestos is present.

PART 2 – DAMAGED FRIABLE ACM:

The following table provides a site-specific inventory of damaged and/or significantly damaged friable ACM. In accordance with DoD policy on asbestos at BRAC properties, CAPE recommends the Navy retain a licensed asbestos consultant/abatement contractor to complete the recommended abatement response actions outlined in the table below.

Damaged Friable ACM

H	A#	Material Description	Damage Location	Approximate Damaged Quantity	Recommended Abatement Response Action
	1	Contaminated Soil	Crawlspace	1,610 square feet	Remove

Non-Damaged/Friable ACM:

DoD policy allows transfer of properties "as is" if they contain ACM which is not in damaged/friable condition. Therefore, any friable ACM identified in this report as being in good condition, and which remain in good condition, is not required to be remediated prior to transfer. All friable ACM in good condition should be properly managed until the facility is transferred through the BRAC process.

PART 3 - BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS:

Samples collected by CAPE were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method EPA/600/R-93/116 of July 1993. CAPE's laboratory in Atlanta, Georgia (NVLAP Lab Code 10211), served as the primary analytical laboratory. The table below provides a summary of analysis results for bulk samples collected from suspect friable ACM by CAPE. In accordance with federal and state regulations, a suspect material is considered to be ACM if it is determined to contain more than 1% asbestos).

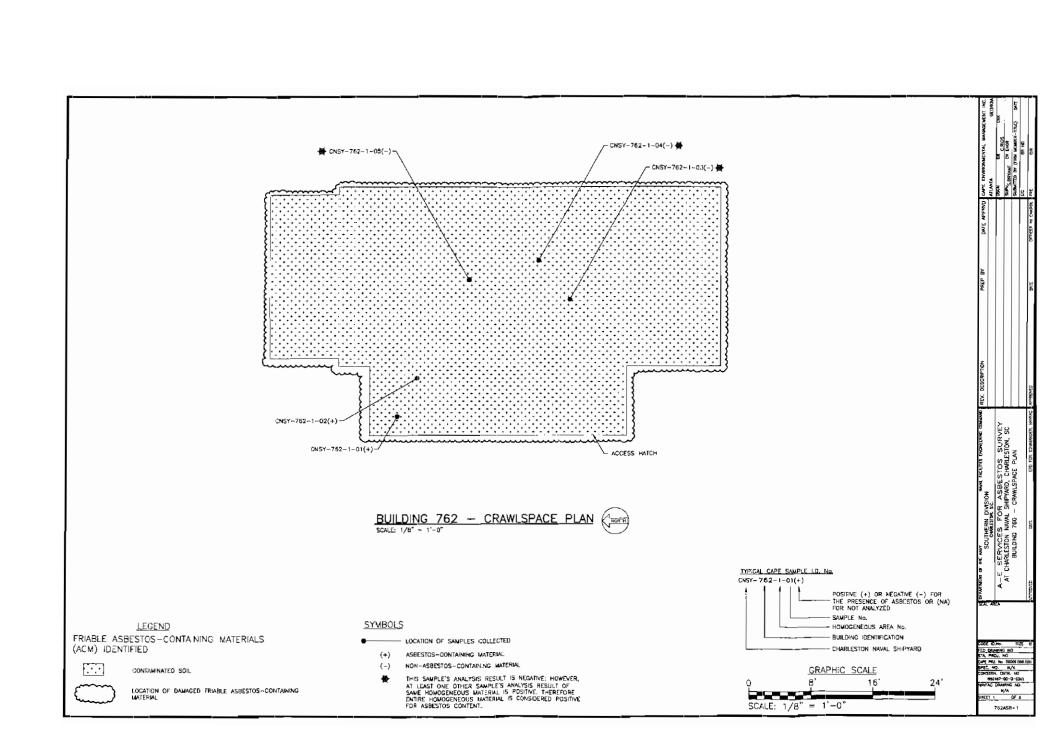
Summary of Suspect Friable ACM

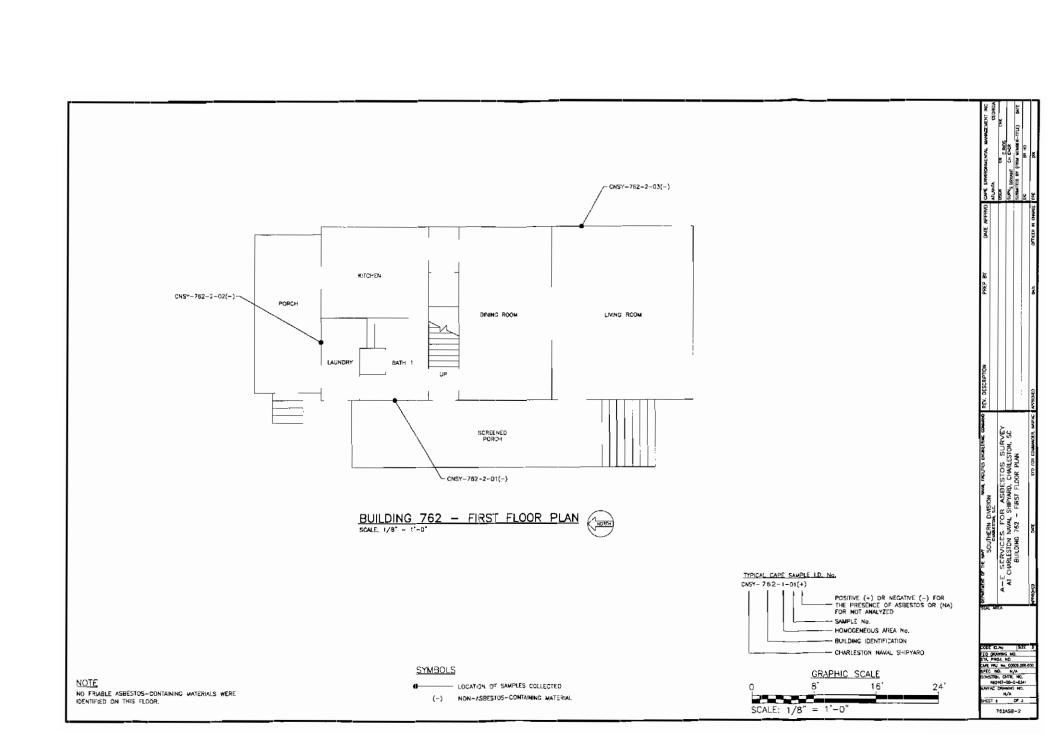
на#	Material Description	Homogeneous Area Location	Sample I.D.	Analysis Result	ACM (YES/NO)
	Soil	Crawlspace	CNSY-762-1-01	<1% CHR, 2% AMO	YES
			CNSY-762-1-02	<1% CHR, <1% AMO	
1			CNSY-762-1-03	NAD	
			CNSY-762-1-04	NAD	
			CNSY-762-1-05	NAD	
	Damaged window putty	Exterior	QC-CNSY-762-2-01	NAD	
			CNSY-762-2-01	NAD	NO
2			CNSY-762-2-02	NAD	
			CNSY-762-2-03	NAD	

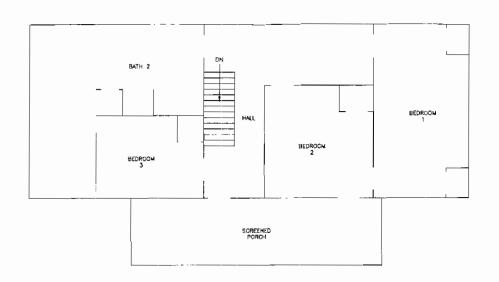
EPA's PLM test method requires individual strata layers within a multi-layered material to be analyzed separately and separate analysis results to be reported for each layer. Multi-layered materials are, therefore, considered to be ACM if one or more layer(s) contain greater than 1% asbestos. Specific examples of multi-layered materials include plaster and stucco systems, and materials "added" to wallboard or other base materials (e.g., sprayed-on materials, skim coats, paints, ceiling or wall texture, etc.).

Part 4

Floor Plan(s) Indicating Bulk
Sample Locations and Extent of
Identified Friable ACM
(Including Damage Locations)



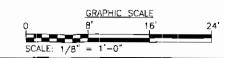




BUILDING 762 - SECOND FLOOR PLAN CARRELL 1/8" = 1"-0"



NOTE NO FRABLE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS WERE IDENTIFIED ON THIS FLOOR.



OF THE WAY SOUTHERN DIVISION OF THE WAY

CODE TO No. | SIZE & FED ENHANCE OF TO. |
FED ENHANCE OF TO. |
FED ENHANCE OF TO. |
FED ENL. No. COOSE.O. |
FED ENL NO. COOSE.O. |
FED EN

752ASB-3

DESCRIPTION: Officer's Quarters (vacant)

Building 763 is a two-level structure totaling 2,150 square feet plus a crawlspace. The building was constructed in 1942.

PART 1 - FRIABLE ACM INVENTORY:

CAPE conducted a survey and inventory of friable ACM at this facility in May 2000. This survey was conducted to provide an inventory of friable ACM and to assess the condition of ACM (homogenous areas) for compliance with the DoD Policy on Asbestos at Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Properties. The following table provides an inventory of friable ACM identified:

Friable ACM Inventory

F	IĄ#.	Material Description	HA Location	Material Type	Approximate HA Quantity	Condition Assessment
	1	Contaminated Soil	Crawlspace	Thermal system	1,610 square	Significantly damaged
				insulation	feet	

In accordance with federal regulations, non-friable suspect ACM which were not inventoried or sampled as part of the scope of work for this project (as well as any "assumed" or "presumed" asbestos-containing materials) should be treated as asbestos-containing material and properly managed until testing is performed to demonstrate no asbestos is present.

PART 2 – DAMAGED FRIABLE ACM:

The following table provides a site-specific inventory of damaged and/or significantly damaged friable ACM. In accordance with DoD policy on asbestos at BRAC properties, CAPE recommends the Navy retain a licensed asbestos consultant/abatement contractor to complete the recommended abatement response actions outlined in the table below.

Damaged Friable ACM

HA#	Material Description	Damage Location	Approximate Damaged Quantity	Recommended Abatement Response Action
1	Contaminated Soil	Crawlspace	1,610 square feet	Remove

Non-Damaged/Friable ACM:

DoD policy allows transfer of properties "as is" if they contain ACM which is not in damaged/friable condition. Therefore, any friable ACM identified in this report as being in good condition, and which remain in good condition, is not required to be remediated prior to transfer. All friable ACM in good condition should be properly managed until the facility is transferred through the BRAC process.

PART 3 - BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS RESULTS:

Samples collected by CAPE were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) in accordance with EPA Method EPA/600/R-93/116 of July 1993. CAPE's laboratory in Atlanta, Georgia (NVLAP Lab Code 10211), served as the primary analytical laboratory. The table below provides a summary of analysis results for bulk samples collected from suspect friable ACM by CAPE. In accordance with federal and state regulations, a suspect material is considered to be ACM if it is determined to contain more than 1% asbestos by PLM (or is assumed to contain more than 1% asbestos).

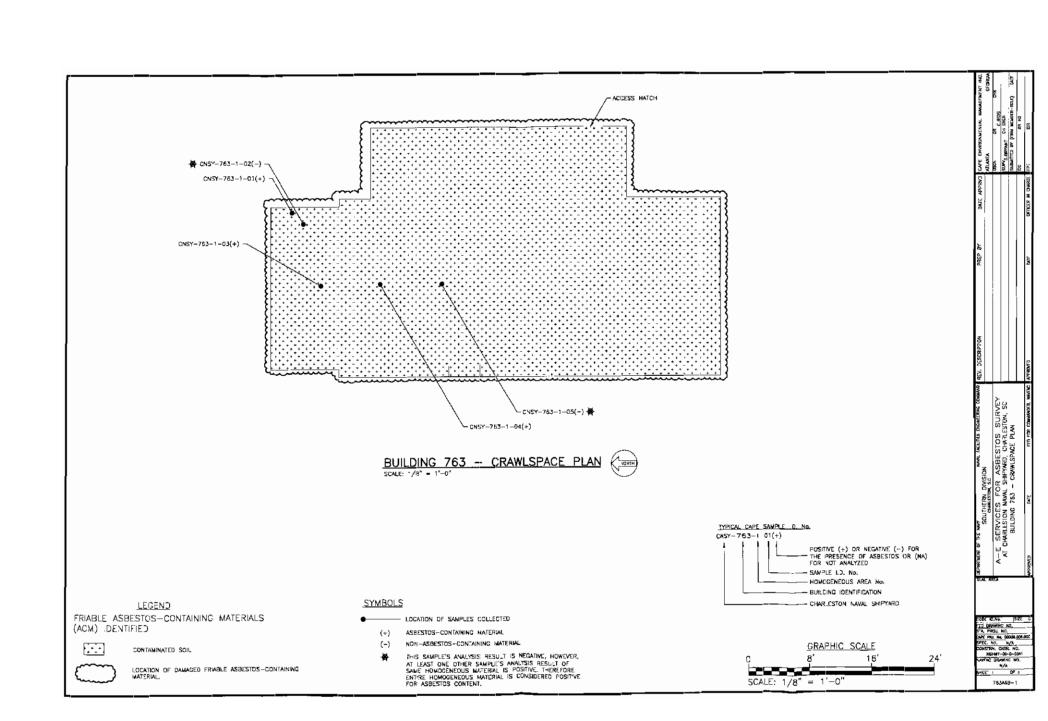
Summary of Suspect Friable ACM

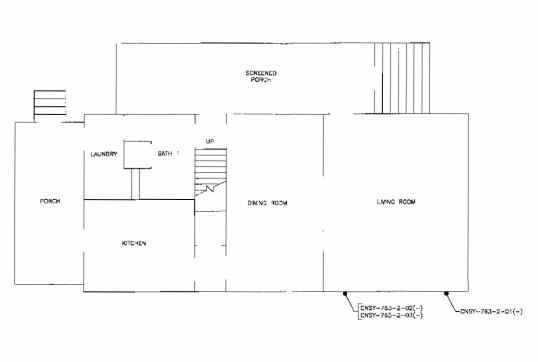
HA#	Material Description	Homogeneous Area Location	Sample I.D.	Analysis Result	ACM (YES/NO)
	Soil	Crawlspace	CNSY-763-1-01	<1% CHR, <1% AMO	YES
			CNSY-763-1-02	NAD	
1			CNSY-763-1-03	<1% AMO	
			CNSY-763-1-04	<1% CHR, <1% AMO	
			CNSY-763-1-05	NAD	
	Window putty	Exterior	CNSY-763-2-01	NAD	МО
2			CNSY-763-2-02	NAD	
			CNSY-763-2-03	NAD	

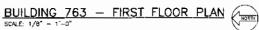
EPA's PLM test method requires individual strata layers within a multi-layered material to be analyzed separately and separate analysis results to be reported for each layer. Multi-layered materials are, therefore, considered to be ACM if one or more layer(s) contain greater than 1% asbestos. Specific examples of multi-layered materials include plaster and stucco systems, and materials "added" to wallboard or other base materials (e.g., sprayed-on materials, skim coats, paints, ceiling or wall texture, etc.).

Part 4

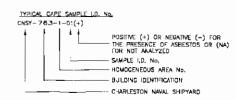
Floor Plan(s) Indicating Bulk Sample Locations and Extent of Identified Friable ACM (Including Damage Locations)







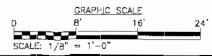




SYMBOLS

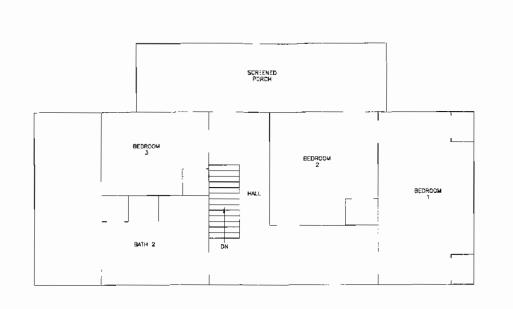
NCTE NO FRIABLE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS WERE IDENTIFIED ON THIS FLOOR.

- LOCATION OF SAMPLES COLLECTED (-) NON-ASBESTOS-CON'AMING MATERIAL



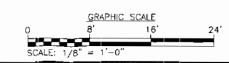
SERVICES SURVEY CHARLESTON SURVEY CHARLESTON NAVA SHIPTARO, CHARLESTON NAVA SHIPTARO, CHARLESTON NAVA FIRST FLOOR PLAN A-E DOE TONE SIZE TO DESCRIPTION OF TAMES AND TO SERVICE OF TAMES AND THE SERVICE OF TAMES AND TAMES

763458-2



BUILDING 763 - SECOND FLOOR PLAN (NORTH)

NO_E NO FRIABLE ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS WERE IDENTIFIED ON THIS FLOOR



763ASB-3



Laboratory Reports: Asbestos Bulk Sample Analysis Results

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345 770/908-7200 Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	CAPE Environmental						
CLIENT NAME	SDIV	PROJE	ECT MANAGER: MIKE	SPRADUNG			
PROJECT NAME:	Charleston	PROJE	ECT NUMBER:	00009.006.000			
ANALYSIS REQUESTED:	PLM 🗷	OTHE	₹:				
TURNAROUND TIME		XT DAY	′ 3 DAYS 5 D	AYS NEED BY:			
REQUESTED:	\						
INSTRUCTIONS:	ANALYZE ALL	STOP	POSITIVE 🚟				
SAN	MPLE ID		SAMPLE ID				
1 CNSY-758-01-01			16				
2 CNSY-758-01-02			17				
3 CNSY-758-01-03			18				
4 CNSY-758-02-01			19				
5 CNSY-758-02-02			20				
6 CNSY-758-02-03			21				
7 CNSY-758-03-01			22				
8 CNSY-758-03-02			23				
9 CNSY-758-03-03			24				
10			25				
11			26				
12			27				
13			28	-			
14			29				
15			30				
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.							
RELINQUISHED BY:	But	5	RECEIVED BY:	Marin			
DATE: 7/18/00 TI	ME: 0900 /		DATE: 2/19/00	TIME: 9.00			
RELINQUISHED BY:			RECEIVED BY:	,			
	ME:		DATE:	TIME:			
RELINQUISHED BY:			RECEIVED BY:				
DATE: Ti	ME:		DATE:	TIME:			

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT TINCE

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

ACCREDITED
LAB CODE - 102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT NAME: NAVY SOUTH DIVISION LAB JOB NO: B0151 REPORT ISSUED: 7/19/00
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.) DATE RECEIVED: 7/18/00 PAGE: 1 of 5

PROJECT NO: 00009.006.000 DATE ANALYZED: 7/18/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPLI LAB ID	E SAMPLE FIELD ID	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
9284	CNSY-758-01	-01	1+2 (of 2)	WHITE HARD SILTY WITH PAINT; GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO GRANULAR			2 CELLULOSE	10 AGGREGATES 88 OTHER
9285	CNSY-758-01	-02	1 (of 1)	WHITE HARD SILTY WITH PAINT AND AGGREGATES			2 CELLULOSE	5 AGGREGATES 93 OTHER
9286	CNSY-758-01	-03	1 (of 1)	WHITE HARD SILTY WITH PAINT AND A TRACE OF AGGREGATES			2 CELLULOSE	1 AGGREGATES 97 OTHER
9287	CNSY-758-02	-01	1 (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS		15 CHRYSOTILE 15 AMOSITE	5 CELLULOSE	65 OTHER
9288	CNSY-758-02	-02		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			
9289	CNSY-758-02	-03		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			- /
9290	CNSY-758-03	-01	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE 1 SYNTHETICS	98 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993
FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON. 7/18/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

REVIEWER

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY INVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL

MANAGEMENT
I N C

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

ACCREDITED
LAB CODE - 102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

 CLIENT NAME:
 NAVY SOUTH DIVISION
 LAB JOB NO:
 B0151
 REPORT ISSUED:
 7/19/00

 PROJECT NAME:
 CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)
 DATE RECEIVED:
 7/18/00
 PAGE:
 2 of 5

PROJECT NO: 00009.006.000 DATE ANALYZED: 7/18/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPLI LAB ID	FIELD ID IN	MPLE LAYER IFO NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
9291	CNSY-758-03-02	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE 1 SYNTHETICS	98 OTHER
9292	CNSY-758-03-03	I (of 1)	GRAY AND TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE	99 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993.

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 7/18/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

REVIEWER

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345

770/908-7200 Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	Cape Envirance	ta /				
CLIENT NAME 5,	Div'	PROJEC	T MANAGER:	M. Sprad	lung	
PROJECT NAME: Cha	reston NSY (5Bbas)	PROJEC	T NUMBER:	0000 9 .006	500	
ANALYSIS REQUESTED	E PLM	OTHER:				
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY NE	EXT DAY	3 DAYS	5 DAYS	NEED BY:	
REQUESTED.						
INSTRUCTIONS:	ANALYZE ALL	STOP P	OSITIVE D			
	AMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID			
· CN 59- 75	9-1-01	10	6			
2	1-02	1:	7			
3	1-03	18	8			
4	2-01	15	9	_		
5	2-02	20	0			
6	2-03	2	1			
7	3-01	22	2			
8	3-02	23	3			
9	3-03	24	1			
10	4-01	25	5			
11	4-02	26	3			
12	4-03	27	7			
13	V 5-01	28	3			
14		29)			
15		30)			
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	S	Tallado	Connegt "Qua:	tes B 1/2 S	mple Location Field	
		10100	Community	(1) (2)	The addition of	
RELINQUISHED BY	n Blut	R	ECEIVED BY:/ /	1000	2	
DATE: 5/19/00	TIME: 1420			40 TIME:	1/20	
RELINQUISHED BY:			ECEIVED BY:	, , , ,		
DATE:	TIME:		ATE:	TIME:		
RELINQUISHED BY			ECEIVED BY:	1		
DATE:	TIME:		ATE:	TIME:		

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345 770/908-7200 Fax 770/908-7219

LABORAT	ORY NAME:	CAPE Environmental					
CLIENT N	AME	SDIV	PROJE	ECT MANAGER: MIKE SPRADLING			
PROJECT	NAME:	Charleston	PROJE	ROJECT NUMBER: 00009.006.000			
ANALYSIS	REQUESTED:	PLM 🖅	OTHE	R:			
TURNARO	DUND TIME	•	XT DAY	7 3 DAYS 5 D	AYS NEED BY:		
REQUES1	TED:	<u>`</u>					
INSTRUC	TIONS:	ANALYZE ALL	STOP	POSITIVE 🔀			
	SAN	IPLE ID		SAMPLE ID			
1 *	CNSY-759-06-01			16	-		
2 **	CNSY-759-06-02			17			
3 *	CNSY-759-06-03			18			
4	CNSY-760-07-01			19			
5	CNSY-760-07-02	_		20			
6	CNSY-760-07-03			21			
7	CNSY-763-02-01			22			
8	CNSY-763-02-02			23			
9	CNSY-763-02-03			24			
10				25			
11				26			
12				27			
13				28			
14				29			
15				30			
SPECIAL I	NSTRUCTIONS:						
			-				
RELINQUI		me Bul	17/	RECEIVED BY:	merca		
DATE:	/ /	ME: 0900 /		DATE: 7/18/00	TIME: 9.00 .		
RELINQUI	Г			RECEIVÉD BÝ:			
DATE:		<u>ME:</u>		DATE: TIME:			
RELINQUI	SHED BY:		·	RECEIVED BY:	1		
DATE:	T	ME:		DATE:	TIME:		

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

илгрђ

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED
LAB CODE - 102111

CLIENT NAME:

NAVY SOUTH DIVISION

LAB JOB NO:

B0104

REPORT ISSUED:

PAGE:

6/1/00

PROJECT NAME:

CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)

DATE RECEIVED:

5/17/00

1 of 9

PROJECT NO:

00009.006.000

DATE ANALYZED: 5/23/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPL LAB ID	E SAMPLE FIELD ID	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6713	CNSY-759-1-01	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	GRAY SOFT FIBROUS WITH PAPER			90 CELLULOSE 3 SYNTHETICS	7 OTHER
6714	CNSY-759-1-02	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	GRAY SOFT FIBROUS WITH PAPER			90 CELLULOSE	10 OTHER
6715	CNSY-759-1-03	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	GRAY SOFT FIBROUS WITH PAPER			90 CELLULOSE 2 SYNTHETICS	8 OTHER
6716	CNSY-759-2-01	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE	99 OTHER
6717	CNSY-759-2-02	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT	-		1 CELLULOSE	99 OTHER
6718	CNSY-759-2-03	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			2 CELLULOSE	98 OTHER
6719	CNSY-759-3-01	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS		10 CHRYSOTILE 10 AMOSITE	60 CELLULOSE	20 OTHER
6720	CNSY-759-3-02	QUARTERS B		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			
6721	CNSY-759-3-03	QUARTERS B		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			*

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993.

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

ANALYST

QUALITY CONTROL

STEVÉ JARVIS

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE /N DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELIATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPORDUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENCORSEMENT BY NVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT NAME: NAVY SOUTH DIVISION LAB JOB NO: B0104 REPORT ISSUED: 6/1/00 PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.) DATE RECEIVED: 5/17/00 PAGE: 2 of 9

PROJECT NO: 00009.006.000 DATE ANALYZED: 5/23/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

	SAMPLI LAB ID	E SAMPLE FIELD ID	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
K.	6722	CNSY-759-4-01	QUARTERS B	l (of l)	GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO FIBROUS		35 CHRYSOTILE	·····	5 AGGREGATES 60 OTHER
K	6723	CNSY-759-4-02	QUARTERS B		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			
K	6724	CNSY-759-4-03	QUARTERS B	·	NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED		·	
K	6725	CNSY-759-5-01	QUARTERS B	1 (of 1)	GRAY SOFT FIBROUS		80 CHRYSOTILE		20 OTHER
-	6726	CNSY-760-1-01	QUARTERS D	l (of 1)	GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO GRANULAR WITH PAINT			2 CELLULOSE	45 AGGREGATES 53 OTHER
	6727	CNSY-760-1-02	QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO GRANULAR WITH PAINT		<1 CHRYSOTILE	1 CELLULOSE	40 AGGREGATES 1 MICAV VERMICULITE 58 OTHER
~	6728	CNSY-760-1-03	QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO GRANULAR WITH PAINT	·		2 CELLULOSE	50 AGGREGATES 48 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993
FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LATERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

ANALYST/

STEVE JARVIS

QUALITY CONTROL

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES DNLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

C A P E E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT NAME: NAVY SOUTH DIVISION LAB JOB NO: B0151 REPORT ISSUED: 7/19/00
PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.) DATE RECEIVED: 7/18/00 PAGE: 3 of 5

PROJECT NO: 00009.006.000 DATE ANALYZED: 7/18/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

						•	•
E SAMPLE FIELD ID	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
CNSY-759-06-	-01	1 (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS		20 CHRYSOTILE 10 AMOSITE		70 OTHER
CNSY-759-06-	-02		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			
CNSY-759-06-	-03	····	NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED	,		
	CNSY-759-06-		CNSY-759-06-01 1 (of 1) CNSY-759-06-02	CNSY-759-06-01 1 (of 1) WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS CNSY-759-06-02 NOT ANALYZED	CNSY-759-06-01 1 (of 1) WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS CNSY-759-06-02 NOT ANALYZED NOT ANALYZED	FIELD ID INFO NUMBER CNSY-759-06-01 1 (of 1) WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS 20 CHRYSOTILE 10 AMOSITE CNSY-759-06-02 NOT ANALYZED NOT ANALYZED	FIELD ID INFO NUMBER CNSY-759-06-01 1 (of 1) WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS CNSY-759-06-02 NOT ANALYZED NOT ANALYZED FIBERS FIBERS

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993.

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON. 7/18/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

REVIEWER

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR MONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE QNLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS. TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345 770/908-7200 Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	MAS					
CLIENT NAME Cas	De Environmental PR	oject manager: $$ $$ $$	Spradling			
. •	arloston NSY (SBblgs) PR					
ANALYSIS REQUESTED	D: PLM 🔀 OT	HER:				
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY NEXT	DAY 3 DAYS 5 DA	YS NEED BY			
REQUESTED.		<u> </u>	_			
INSTRUCTIONS:	7 -	OP POSITIVE				
S	SAMPLE ID	SAMI	PLE ID			
1 QC-CNSY-NH	61-3-01	16				
2	-6-01	17				
3	-7-01	18				
4	-9-01	19				
5	-12-01	20				
6	- 14-01	21				
7	- 17-01	22				
8	- 20-01	23				
9	, -27-01	. 24				
10 QC- (NSY-759	- 2-01	25				
11 QC-CNSY-76	5-1-01	26				
12 QC-MSY- 76	0-3-01	27	27			
13 QC-CNSY- 7E	2-2-01	28				
14		29				
15		30	30			
SPECIAL INSTRUCTION	S [.]					
_	1					
RELINQUISHED BY:	NBlat	RECEIVED BY: Amas	Tala (12			
DATE: 5/21/00	TIME: 0839	DATE: 0/22/00	ME			
RELINQUISHED BY		RECEIVED BY:				
DATE	TIME.	DATE.	TIME			
RELINQUISHED BY		RECEIVED BY:				
DATE.	TIME:	DATE.	TIME:			

MATERIALS ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC. PLM ANALYSIS

Proj#-Spl#	t 1	M23712 - 010	Analyst	Derrill Duncan	Date 5/23/00
ClientNam	e Cape Er	nvironmental Manage	- ment	ClientSpl	QC-NSY-759-2-01
Location	- '			· ·	
Type_Mat					
	Paint on gol	d mastic			
Visual	-anti on gor	d mastic	_		
		OPTICAL DA	TA FOR AS	BESTOS IDENTIFICATI	ON
Morph	ology	_			
Pleoch					
Refract	Index				
1	Sign				
Extin	nction				
Birefring	gence				
	Melt		_		
Fiber	Name		_		
ASBEST	OS MINEF	RALS	E	ST. VOL. %	
			NO AS	BESTOS OBSERVED	
Chrysotil	le	•••••	-		
Crocidoli	ite	***************************************			
Anthophy	yllite				
OTHER F	FIBROUS	COMPONENTS			
Cellulose				Trace	
NON FIB	ROUS CO	MPONENTS			
Mica					
Mineral gra	ains			<u> </u>	
Binder		<u>_</u>			
Diriget .			•		
Binder D	escription				<u>-</u>
_		V = 11=1=3=1= 3=1			
C	Comments	X = Materials detected	ea.		

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345

770/908-7200

Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	Cape Envi	ronner	nta 1			
CLIENT NAME S.	Div	PROJE	CT MANAGER: M ,	Sprading		
PROJECT NAME: Chac	leston Naval Shippyacd (5)	Blas PROJE	CT NUMBER: CCC	09.006.000		
ANALYSIS REQUESTE		OTHER				
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY	NEXT DAY	3 DAYS 5	DAYS NEED BY:		
REQUESTED:			A			
INSTRUCTIONS:	ANALYZE ALL C	STOP	POSITIVE DE			
;	SAMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID			
1 CNSY-760	- 1-01		16 CNSY-	760-6-01		
2 [-1-02		17	-6-02		
3	-1-03		18	-6-0Z -603		
4	-2-01		19			
5	-2-02		20			
6	-2-03		21			
7	-3-01		22			
8	-3-02		23			
9	_3-03	:	ء 24			
10	-4-01		25			
11	-4-02		26			
12	- 4-03		27			
13	-5.01	2	28			
14	-5.01 -5-02	2	29			
15	-5-03	3	30			
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIO	NS: * Include	o Qua	inters D in So	mple Location Field.		
				/		
RELINQUISHED BY:	n/Sanh	ŀ	RECEIVED BY:	20h 2me		
DATE: 5-19-00	TIME: 1410		DATE: 5/19/00	TIME:		
RELINQUISHED BY:		F	RECEIVED BY:			
DATE:	TIME		DATE:	TIME:		
RELINQUISHED BY		F	RECEIVED BY:			
DATE:	TIME:		DATE:	TIME:		

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345

770/908-7200

Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	CAPE Environme	ntal				
CLIENT NAME	SDIV	PROJE	ECT MANA	GER: /	IKE SARADO	LING
PROJECT NAME:	Charleston	PROJE	ECT NUMB	CT NUMBER: 00009.006.000		
ANALYSIS REQUESTED:	PLM 💳	OTHE	₹:			
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY	NEXT DAY	′ 3	DAYS	5 DAYS	NEED BY:
REQUESTED.	<u> </u>					
INSTRUCTIONS:	ANALYZE ALL [STOP	POSITIVE	<u> 25</u>		
SA	AMPLE ID		SAMPLE ID			
1 CNSY-759-06-	01		16			
2 CNSY-759-06-	02		17			
3 CNSY-759-06-	03		18			
4 ·¥ CNSY-760-07-	01		19			<u>_</u>
5 ⊁ CNSY-760-07-	02		20			
6 * CNSY-760-07-	03		21			
7 CNSY-763-02-	01		22			
8 CNSY-763-02-)2		23			
9 CNSY-763-02-)3		24			
10			25			
11			26			
12			27			
13			28			
14			29			
15			30			
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	i:					
DELINOUIGHED DV. 6	Dan Ba	11)		DV.	260	
RELINQUISHED BY: \$\ DATE: 7/18/00	TIME: 0900	-	RECEIVED DATE: <i>></i>	18/00	TIME: 9	2.00.
RELINQUISHED BY		_	RECEIVED		THVIL. /	
	 TIME:		DATE:	. D1.	TIME	-
RELINQUISHED BY:			RECEIVED	BY:		
	TIME	_	DATE [,]	<u> </u>	TIME:	

C S A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX (770) 908-7219

אענשט _®

ACCREDITED
LAB CODE - 102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT NAME: **NAVY SOUTH DIVISION** LAB JOB NO: REPORT ISSUED 6/1/00 B0104 PROJECT NAME: **CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)** DATE RECEIVED: 5/17/00 PAGE: 2 of 9 PROJECT NO: 00009.006.000 DATE ANALYZED. 5/23/00 **RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME** PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE) SAMPLE SAMPLE SAMPLE LAYER APPEARANCE COMMENT % ASBESTOS % NON ASBESTOS % NON FIBROUS LAB ID FIELD ID INFO NUMBER **FIBERS FIBERS** COMPONENTS GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO 35 CHRYSOTILE **5 AGGREGATES** FIBROUS 60 OTHER QUARTERS B NOT ANALYZED NOT ANALYZED QUARTERS B **NOT ANALYZED** NOT ANALYZED 80 CHRYSOTILE GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO 45 AGGREGATES GRANULAR WITH PAINT 53 OTHER CNSY-760-1-02 GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO <1 CHRYSOTILE 1 CELLULOSE 40 AGGREGATES GRANULAR WITH PAINT 1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 58 OTHER GRAY HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO 2 CELLULOSE 50 AGGREGATES GRANULAR WITH PAINT 48 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LATERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED. SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 5/23/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

QUALITY CONTROL

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASSESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET "HE CONCLUSIVE ASSESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS. TESTED, THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

$\mathbf{C}^{(i)}$ A $\cdot \mathbf{P}$ E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT N

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345 TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

NVLAP ACCREDITED LAB CODE -102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) **BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT (POINT COUNT)**

CLIENT NAME:	NAVY SOUTH DIVISION	LAB JOB NO:	B0104
PROJECT NAME:	CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)	DATE RECEIVED:	5/17/00
PROJECT NO:	00009.006.000		
FIELD ID:	CNSY-760-1-02	LAB ID:	6727
		DATE ANALYZED:	7/7/00

RESULT OF POINT COUNTING ANALYSIS

	ASBESTOS FIBERS	NONASBESTOS FIBERS
COMPONENT	CHRYSOTILE	
POINTS OF COMPONENT COUNTED	1	
TOTAL POINTS COUNTED	400	
CONTENT (area %)	0.25	

Analyzed in accordance with EPA/600/R-93/116 Method.

- Only fibrous components were point-counted.
- For additional information on the sample content refer to Visual Estimate lab report # 6727

ANALYZĘØ BY:

STEVE JARVIS

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELIATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL. AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. COVERNMENT

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

MALVD ®

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

CLIENT NAME:	NAVY SOUTH DIVISION	LAB JOB NO:	B0104	REPORT ISSUED:	7/7/00
PROJECT NAME:	CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)	DATE RECEIVED:	5/17/00	PAGE:	3 of 9

PROJECT NO: 00009.006.000 DATE ANALYZED: 5/23/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPLE Lab Id	SAMPLE FIELD ID	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6729-1	CNSY-760-2-01	QUARTERS D	1 (of 2)	TAN HARD CEMENTITIOUS TO GRANULAR			1 CEL L ULOSE	40 AGGREGATES 59 OTHER
6729-2	CNSY-760-2-01	QUARTERS D	2 (of 2)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT	LAYER IS 65% OF THE SAMPLE VOLUME	4 CHRYSOTILE		3 MICA/ VERMICULITE 93 OTHER
6730	CNSY-760-2-02	QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	TAN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR WITH LAYERS OF PAINT			1 CELLULOSE	25 AGGREGATES 1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 73 OTHER
6731	CNSY-760-2-03	QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	TAN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR WITH LAYERS OF PAINT			1 CELLULOSE	40 AGGREGATES 1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 58 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993
FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 5/23/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

REVIEWER

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASSESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASSESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

אענאט (

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

CLIEN	LIENT NAME: NAVY SOUTH DIVISION	SION	LAB JOB NO:	B0104	REPORT	REPORT ISSUED:		
PROJ	ECT NAME: C	HARLESTON NSY	(5 BLDGS.)	DATE RECEIVED:	5/17/00	PAGE.		4 of 9
PROJ	ECT NO: 0	0009.006.000		DATE ANALYZED:	5/23/00		Γ OF ANALYSIS IN V ΓAGE (BY VISUAL ES	
SAMPI LAB ID		SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6732	CNSY-760-3-	-01 QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE	1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 98 OTHER
6733	CNSY-760-3-	-02 QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH GLUE AND PAINT			1 CELLULOSE	1 MASTIC 1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 97 OTHER
6734	CNSY-760-3-	-03 QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			2 CELLULOSE	1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 97 OTHER
6735	CNSY-760-4	-01 QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS		10 CHRYSOTILE 20 AMOSITE	-	70 OTHER
6736	CNSY-760-4	-02 QUARTERS D		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			
6737	CNSY-760-4	-03 QUARTERS D		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993
FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

ANALYST

QUALITY CONTROL

STEVE JARVIS

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR THES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPORDUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

C A P E E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT I N C

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

 CLIENT NAME:
 NAVY SOUTH DIVISION
 LAB JOB NO:
 B0104
 REPORT ISSUED:
 6/1/00

 PROJECT NAME:
 CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)
 DATE RECEIVED:
 5/17/00
 PAGE:
 5 of 9

 PROJECT NO:
 00009.006.000
 DATE ANALYZED:
 5/23/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPL LAB ID		SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6738	CNSY-760-5-01	QUARTERS D	l (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS AND PAINT		- 	5 CELLULOSE 25 GLASS FIBERS	70 OTHER
6739	CNSY-760-5-02	QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS AND PAINT			15 CELLULOSE 25 GLASS FIBERS	60 OTHER
6740	CNSY-760-5-03	QUARTERS D	l (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS AND PAINT			15 CELLULOSE 20 GLASS FIBERS	65 OTHER
6741	CNSY-760-6-01	QUARTERS D	1 (of 1)	WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS WITH CANVAS		20 CHRYSOTILE 3 CROCIDOLITE	45 CELLULOSE 2 GLASS FIBERS	30 OTHER
6742	CNSY-760-6-02	QUARTERS D	- 	NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6743	CNSY-760-6-03	QUARTERS D		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED	- -		

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993
FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

STÉVE JARVIS

ANALYST

QUALITY CONTROL

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

NYLAP ®
ACCREDITED

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

CLIENT NAME:	NAVY SOUTH D	DIVISION	Lab Job No:	B0151	REPORT	ISSUED:7/	19/00	
PROJECT NAME:	CHARLESTON	NSY (5 BLDGS.)	DATE RECEIVED:	7/18/00	PAGE:		4 of 5	
PROJECT NO:	00009.006.000		DATE ANALYZED:	7/18/00		F OF ANALYSIS IN V FAGE (BY VISUAL E		
SAMPLE SAMPI LAB ID FIELD		LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS	
9296 CNSY-760)-07-01	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND WHITE SOFT POWDERY TO FIBROUS MIXED WITH GRANULAR SOIL		60 CHRYSOTILE 2 AMOSITE	3 CELLULOSE 2 SYNTHETICS	10 AGGREGATES 23 OTHER	
9297 CNSY-760	0-07-02		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED				
9298 CNSY-760	0-07-03		NOT ANALYZED	NOT ANALYZED			.	

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993.

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED. SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 7/18/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

REVIEWER

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

LABORATORY NAME:	MAS					
CLIENT NAME Cape	Environmental	PROJE	CT MANAGER:	<u>M.</u>	Sprad 1	المع
PROJECT NAME: Charl	ostan NSY (SBblgs)	PROJE	CT NUMBER:		9.006.	. / \
ANALYSIS REQUESTED:	PLM 🔀	OTHER	₹			
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY NE	EXT DAY	3 DAYS	5 5 0	DAYS	NEED BY.
REQUESTED.					<u> </u>	
INSTRUCTIONS	ANALYZE ALL	STOP	POSITIVE 🗀			
SAM	PLE ID			SAN	IPLE ID	
1 QC-CNSY-NH61-	- 3-01		16			
2	-6-01		17			
3	-7-01		18			
4	-9-01		19			
5	-12-01		20			
6	- 14-01		21			
7	- 17-01		22 <u> </u>			
8	- 20-01		23			
9 1	-27-01	:	24			_
10 QC-(NSY-759-	2-01		25			
11 ac-CNSY-760-			26			
12 QC-MSY- 760 -			27			
13 QC-CNSY-76Z.	-2-01		28			
14		4	29			
15		3	30			
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS		·				
					_	
		_				
RELINQUISHED BY	36	f	RECEIVED BY:	Ama	Och la l	
DATE S/2/DO TIM	(E. 0839	[DATE: 5/2	2/00	DME:	
RELINQUISHED BY.		F	RECEIVED BY:	7		
DATE TIM	IE		DATE.		TIME	
RELINQUISHED BY		F	RECEIVED BY			
DATE: TIM	(F [,]	٢	DATE:		TIME:	_

MATERIALS ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC. PLM ANALYSIS

Proj#-Spl#	N	123712-011	Analyst	Derrill Duncan	Date 5/23/00
ClientName (Cape En	vironmental Manage	ment	ClientSpI	QC-NSY-760-1-01
Location				·	
Type_Mat					
Gross Whit	e sandy	compound			
Visual					
		OPTICAL DA	TA FOR AS	BESTOS IDENTIFICATI	ON
Morpholog	gv				
Pleochrois					
Refract Inde					
Sig					_
Extinctio					_
Birefringeno	ce				
Me				•	
Fiber Nam	ne				
ASBESTOS	MINER	ALS	E	EST. VOL. %	
			NO AS	BESTOS OBSERVED	
Charatila			7,07,0		

		•••••••••••••••••••••••••			
		•••••			
OTHER FIBE	ROUS C	OMPONENTS			
				_	
					
_					
NON FIBRO	US CO	MPONENTS			
					
Mineral grains			-		
Binder				X	
Binder Descr	ription				
Com	ments	X = Materials detect	ed		

MATERIALS ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC. PLM ANALYSIS

Proj#-Spl	l#	M23712 - 012	Analyst	Derrill Duncan	Date 5/23/00	
ClientNa	me Cape E	Environmental Manage	 ement	ClientSpl	QC-NSY-760-3-01	
Location						
Туре_Ма						
Gross Visual	Paint on go	old mastic				
Visuai						
	-	OPTICAL DA	ATA FOR AS	BESTOS IDENTIFICAT	ION	
Morn	hology					
	hroism _					
	t Index					
	Sign					
Ext	inction —					
Birefrir						
	Melt					
Fiber	r Name					
ASBES	TOS MINE	RALS	E	EST. VOL. %		
			NO AS	BESTOS OBSERVED		
Charac	.:					
_						
			_			
		e				
OTHER	FIBROUS	COMPONENTS				
Cellulose)			Trace		
NON FI	BROUS C	OMPONENTS				
Minoral						
Mineral g	prams			X		
Binder			_			
Binder I	Description	·				
	C	V = Materials deta-	tod		_	
	Comments	X = Materials detec	tea.			
		•	_			

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345

770/908-7200

Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	Cape Environ	nenta		
CLIENT NAME S.	.Div	PROJEC	tmanager: M.S	padling
PROJECT NAME: Cha	deston NSY (5B/dgs			000,000
ANALYSIS REQUESTED): PLM	OTHER:		
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY NE	XT DAY	3 DAYS 50	DAYS NEED BY:
REQUESTED:			<u> </u>	
INSTRUCTIONS:		STOP PO		
	AMPLE ID		SAM	MPLE ID
1 CNSY- 76.	7-1-01	16	;	
2	1-02	17	,	
3	1-03	18		
4	7-01	19		
5	7-02	20		
6	2-03	21		
7	1-04	22		
8 V V	1-05	23		
9		24	<u> </u>	
10		25		
11		26		
12		27		
13		28		
14		29		
15		30		
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	S: Include Company	+ " a	greers H "1,	Sumple Cocation Fred
				,
	_			
RELINQUISHED BY	1/3/2/C	RE	CEIVED BY:	Marca
DATE: 5/19/00	TIME: 1420	DA	ATE: 3/19/00	TIME: 15.60
RELINQUISHED BY:		RE	CEIVED BY:	
DATE.	TIME:	DA	ATE:	TIME:
RELINQUISHED BY		RE	CEIVED BY:	
DATE:	TIME:	DA	ATE:	TIME:

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT I N C

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

NVLAP ®
ACCREDITED

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

LAB CODE - 102111

CLIENT NAME:

NAVY SOUTH DIVISION

LAB JOB NO:

B0104

5/23/00

REPORT ISSUED:

6/1/00

PROJECT NAME:

CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)

DATE RECEIVED:

DATE ANALYZED:

5/17/00 PAGE:

6 of 9

PROJECT NO:

00009.006.000

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPLI LAB ID		SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6744	CNSY-762-1-01	QUARTERS H	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT SOIL POWDERY TO GRANULAR WITH ACM DEBRIS	ACM MATERIAL CONTAINS 15% AMOSITE AND 10% CHRYSOTILE, ACM MATERIAL IS 10% OF THE SAMPLE VOLUME	<1 CHRYSOTILE 2 AMOSITE	2 CELLULOSE 1 GLASS FIBERS	70 AGGREGATES 25 OTHER
6745	CNSY-762-1-02	QUARTERS H	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT SOIL POWDERY TO GRANULAR WITH ACM DEBRIS	TOTAL ASBESTOS	<1 CHRYSOTILE <1 AMOSITE	5 CELLULOSE 2 GLASS FIBERS	65 AGGREGATES 28 OTHER
6746	CNSY-762-1-03	QUARTERS H	l (of I)	BROWN SOFT SOIL POWDERY TO GRANULAR WITH FIBERS AND DEBRIS			5 CELLULOSE	85 AGGREGATES 10 OTHER
6750	CNSY-762-1-04	QUARTERS H	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH FIBERS AND DEBRIS			3 CELLULOSE 1 GLASS FIBERS	75 AGGREGATES 21 OTHER
6751	CNSY-762-1-05	QUARTERS H	l (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH CEMENTITIOUS DEBRIS			7 CELLULOSE	80 AGGREGATES 13 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

ANALYST

QUALITY CONTROL

STEVE JARVIS

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT GONSISTENTLY RELIABLE TO DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASSESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASSESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPORDUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT

C ASSET P ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT N

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) **BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT**

ACCREDITED LAB CODE - 102111

CLIENT NAME:

NAVY SOUTH DIVISION

LAB JOB NO:

B0104

REPORT ISSUED:

6/1/00

PROJECT NAME: CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)

DATE RECEIVED: DATE ANALYZED: 5/17/00 5/23/00 PAGE:

7 of 9

PROJECT NO:

00009.006.000

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPL LAB ID	E SAMPLE FIELD ID	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6747	CNSY-762-2-01	QUARTERS H	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND TAN HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			2 CELLULOSE	1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 97 OTHER
6748	CNSY-762-2-02	QUARTERS H	l (of l)	GRAY HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE 1 TALC	1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 97 OTHER
6749	CNSY-762-2-03	QUARTERS H	1 (of 1)	GRAY HARD SILTY WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE 2 WOLLASTONITE 1 TALC	1 MIÇA/ VERMICULITE 95 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993.

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON: 5/23/00

ANALYST

QUALITY CONTROL

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASSESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR MONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASSESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

LABORATORY NAME: MAS	
CLIENT NAME Cape Environmental PRO	DJECT MANAGER: M. Spradling
PROJECT NAME: Charleston NSY (SBb)gs) PRO	DJECT NUMBER. 00009, 006.000
ANALYSIS REQUESTED. PLM 🔀 OTH	HER:
TURNAROUND TIME SAME DAY NEXT D	
REQUESTED:	
	PPOSITIVE
SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE ID
1 QC-CNSY-NH61-3-01	16
2 -6-01	17
3 -7-01	18
4 -9-01	19
5 -12-01	20
6 - 14-01	21
7 - 17-01	22
8 - 70-01	23
9 1 -27-01	24
10 QC-(NSY-759- 2-01	25
11 QC-CNSY-760-1-01	26
12 QC-(NSY- 760-3-01	27
13 QC-CNSY-762-2-01	28
14	29
15	30
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
1	
RELINQUISHED BY Mbla	RECEIVED BY: Amas Colours
DATE: 5/22/00 TIME 0830	DATE. 5/22/00 DIME.
RELINQUISHED BY.	RECEIVED BY
DATE TIME	DATE: TIME
RELINQUISHED BY	RECEIVED BY
DATE TIME:	DATE: TIME

MATERIALS ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC. PLM ANALYSIS

Cocation Type_Mat Gross Paint on white mastic OPTICAL DATA FOR ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION Morphology Pleochroism Refract Index Sign Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile	Proj#-Spl#	M23712 - 013	Analyst	Derrill Duncan	Date 5/23/00		
Type_Mat Gross Paint on white mastic Visual OPTICAL DATA FOR ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION Morphology Pleothroism Refract Index Sign Extinction Birefringence Mett Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile	ClientName	Cape Environmental Manage	ment	ClientSpl QC-NSY-762-2-01			
Paint on white mastic	Location						
OPTICAL DATA FOR ASBESTOS IDENTIFICATION Morphology Pleochroism Refract Index Sign Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile	Type_Mat						
Morphology Pleochroism Refract Index Sign Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile		nt on white mastic					
Morphology	Visual			_			
Morphology		<u></u>					
Pleochroism Refract Index Sign Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile		OPTICAL DA	TA FOR AS	BESTOS IDENTIFICATI	ON		
Refract Index Sign Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile	Morpholo	ogy					
Sign Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile							
Extinction Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile							
Birefringence Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile			_				
Melt Fiber Name ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile							
ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile	_						
ASBESTOS MINERALS EST. VOL. % NO ASBESTOS OBSERVED Chrysotile							
Chrysotile	LIDEL MAI						
Chrysotile	ASBESTOS	MINERALS	E	EST. VOL. %			
Amosite			NO AS	BESTOS OBSERVED			
Amosite	Chrysotile						
Tremolite/Actinolite	Amosite						
Anthophyllite							
OTHER FIBROUS COMPONENTS Cellulose Trace NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS Mica X Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder Description							
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder Description	OTHER FIB	ROUS COMPONENTS					
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description	Cellulose			Trace			
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Mica X Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description	NON FIBRO	OUS COMPONENTS					
Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Mineral grains X Binder X Binder Description							
Binder XBinder Description							
Binder Description		<u> </u>					
	Binder			X			
	Binder Desc	cription					
Comments X = Materials detected.	_,,,dc, Des(
Comments X = Materials detected.							
Comments 1. Indicated Colonical	Con	ments X = Materials detect	ed.				
	Con	metria X - Matoriala detecti	-				

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345

770/908-7200

Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	Cape Environ	ental		
CLIENT NAME S.D	o iv		ECT MANAGER: M	Spradling
PROJECT NAME: Cha	cleston NSY (581)	PROJE	ECT NUMBER: OÓO	
ANALYSIS REQUESTED	PLM 🔼	OTHE	R:	
TURNAROUND TIME	SAME DAY	NEXT DAY	7 3 DAYS	5 DAYS NEED BY:
REQUESTED:				
INSTRUCTIONS:	ANALYZE ALL [STOP	POSITIVE 🔀	<u> </u>
\$.	AMPLE ID		S	AMPLE ID
1 CNSY-763	_ 1-01		16	
2	1-02		17	
3	1-03		18	
4	1-04		19	
5	1-05		20	
6			21	
7			22	
8			23	
9			 24	
10		_	25	
11			26	
12			27	
13			28	
14			29	
15			30	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTION:	S: Include Com	nend "	Dyarters I "	in Sample Cocation Field
			•	
RELINQUISHED BY:	nBlan!		RECEIVED BY:	Mez
DATE: 5/19/00	TIME: 1470		DATE: 5/19/40	TIME: 3 pg
RELINQUISHED BY:			RECEIVED BY:	
DATE:	TIME.		DATE	TIME:
RELINQUISHED BY:			RECEIVED BY:	
DATE.	TIME:		DATE:	TIME.

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT INC

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200, Atlanta, GA 30345

770/908-7200

Fax 770/908-7219

LABORATORY NAME:	CAPE Environmental	, -		
CLIENT NAME	SDIV	PROJEC	CT MANAGER: //)/k	ESPRADLING
PROJECT NAME:	Charleston	PROJEC	CT NUMBER:	00009.006.000
ANALYSIS REQUESTED:	PLM 🛨	OTHER	•	
TURNAROUND TIME	_	XT DAY	3 DAYS	5 DAYS NEED BY:
REQUESTED:				
INSTRUCTIONS:	ANALYZE ALL	STOP P	OSITIVE 🔀	
SAM	PLE ID		S	AMPLE ID
1 CNSY-759-06-01			16	<u>_</u>
2 CNSY-759-06-02		1	17	
3 CNSY-759-06-03		1	8	
4 CNSY-760-07-01		1	9	
5 CNSY-760-07-02		2	20	
6 CNSY-760-07-03		2	:1_	
7 🗶 CNSY-763-02-01		2	2	
8 X CNSY-763-02-02		2	3	
9 X CNSY-763-02-03		2	4	
10		2	5	
11		2	6	
12		2	7	
13		2	8	
14		21	9	
15		30	0	
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS				
RELINQUISHED BY	an But	1/ R	RECEIVED BY: سنولوم	ME ?
DATE: 7/18/00 TIM	1E: 0900 /	D	ATE: 2/18/00	TIME: 9.00.
RELINQUISHED BY	_	R	ECEIVÉD BÝ.	
DATE TIM	IE:	D	ATE:	TIME:
RELINQUISHED BY:		R	ECEIVED BY:	
DATE: TIM	IE:	ם	ATE	TIME:

C A PECE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

CLIENT NAME:

NAVY SOUTH DIVISION

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

LAB JOB NO:

TEL: (770) 908-7200

B0104

FAX: (770) 908-7219

REPORT ISSUED:



POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

6/1/00

PROJE	CT NAME: CHAP	RLESTON NS	(5 BLDGS.)	DATE RECEIVED:	5/17/00	PAGE:		8 of 9
PROJE	ECT NO: 00 <u>000</u>	9.006.000		DATE ANALYZED:	5/23/00		Γ OF ANALYSIS IN V ΓAGE (BY VISUAL ES	
SAMPL LAB ID	-	SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6752	CNSY-763-1-01	QUARTERS	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH DEBRIS	TOTAL ASBESTOS <1%	<1 CHRYSOTILE <1 AMOSITE	5 CELLULOSE 2 GLASS FIBERS	75 AGGREGATES 1 MICA/ VERMICULITE 17 OTHER
6753	CNSY-763-1-02	QUARTERSI	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH DEBRIS			5 CELLULOSE 1 GLASS FIBERS	80 AGGREGATES 2 MICA/ VERMICULITE 1 SYNTH, FOAM 11 OTHER
6754	CNSY-763-1-03	QUARTERSI	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH DEBRIS		<1 AMOSITE	3 CELLULOSE 1 GLASS FIBERS	80 AGGREGATES 2 MICA/ VERMICULITE 14 OTHER
6755	CNSY-763-1-04	QUARTERSI	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH DEBRIS	TOTAL ASBESTOS <1%	<1 CHRYSOTILE <1 AMOSITE	5 CELLULOSE 1 GLASS FIBERS	80 AGGREGATES 2 MICA/ VERMICULITE 12 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

ANALYST

QUALITY CONTROL

STEVE JARVIS

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS TESTED THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENCORSEMENT BY NYLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

ENVIRONMENTAL
MANAGEMENT
I N C

CLIENT NAME:

NAVY SOUTH DIVISION

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

LAB JOB NO:

TEL: (770) 908-7200

B0104

FAX: (770) 908-7219

REPORT ISSUED:

אינאף 🛚

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM)
BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

6/1/00

PROJECT NA	AME:	CHARLESTON NS	Y (5 BLDGS.)	DATE RECEI	VED:	5/17/00	PAGE [.]		9 of 9
PROJECT NO	O:	00009,006.000		DATE ANALY	ZED:	5/23/00		T OF ANALYSIS IN VO	
	SAMPLE FIELD ID		LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	CO	MMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS

SAMPL LAB ID		SAMPLE INFO	LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
6756	CNSY-763-1-05	QUARTERS I	1 (of 1)	BROWN SOFT POWDERY TO GRANULAR SOIL WITH DEBRIS			3 CELLULOSE 1 GLASS FIBERS	80 AGGREGATES 2 MICA/ VERMICULITE 14 OTHER
.								

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/118 METHOD OF JULY 1993
FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 5/23/00

ANALYST/

STEVE JARVIS

QUALITY CONTROL

ALEKSEY REZNIK

C A P E ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

2302 PARKLAKE DRIVE, SUITE 200, ATLANTA, GA 30345

TEL: (770) 908-7200

FAX: (770) 908-7219

NATED ACCREDITED

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY (PLM) BULK SAMPLES ANALYSIS REPORT

ACCREDITED

LAB CODE - 102111

CLIENT NAME:

NAVY SOUTH DIVISION

LAB JOB NO:

B0151

REPORT ISSUED: 7/19/00

PROJECT NAME:

CHARLESTON NSY (5 BLDGS.)

DATE RECEIVED: 7/18/00

PAGE:

5 of 5

PROJECT NO:

00009.006.000

DATE ANALYZED: 7/18/00

/00

RESULT OF ANALYSIS IN VOLUME PERCENTAGE (BY VISUAL ESTIMATE)

SAMPI LAB ID		LAYER NUMBER	APPEARANCE	COMMENT	% ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON ASBESTOS FIBERS	% NON FIBROUS COMPONENTS
9299	CNSY-763-02-01	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND WHITE SEMI-HARD RESILIENT WITH PAINT	<u></u>		1 CELLULOSE	99 OTHER
9300	CNSY-763-02-02	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND WHITE SEMI-HARD RESILIENT WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE 1 TALC	98 OTHER
9301	CNSY-763-02-03	1 (of 1)	GRAY AND WHITE SEMI-HARD RESILIENT WITH PAINT			1 CELLULOSE 1 TALC	98 OTHER

ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY PLM USING DISPERSION STAINING TECHNIQUES IN ACCORDANCE WITH U.S. EPA/600/R-93/116 METHOD OF JULY 1993.

FOR ALL HETEROGENEOUS AND LAYERED SAMPLES EASILY SEPARATED INTO SUBLAYERS, EACH LAYER WAS ANALYZED SEPARATELY. LAST CALIBRATION OF EQUIPMENT WAS PERFORMED ON 7/18/00

ANALYST

STEVE JARVIS

REVIEWER

ALEKSEY REZNIK

PLM IS NOT CONSISTENTLY RELIABLE IN DETECTING SMALL CONCENTRATION OF ASBESTOS IN FLOOR TILES AND SIMILAR NONFRIABLE MATERIALS, QUANTITATIVE TEM IS CURRENTLY THE ONLY METHOD THAT CAN BE USED TO GET THE CONCLUSIVE ASBESTOS CONTENT. THIS REPORT RELATES ONLY TO THE ITEMS. TESTED. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL, AND NOT WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE LABORATORY. THIS REPORT SHALL NOT BE USED TO CLAIM ENDORSEMENT BY NVLAP OR ANY AGENCY OF U.S. GOVERNMENT.

The Environmental Institute

David Bratley

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed an examination that meets all criteria required for EPA/AHERA/ASHARA (TSCA Title II) Approved Reaccreditation and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspector Refresher

January 20, 2000
Course Date

6419

January 20, 2000
Examination Date

January 19, 2001

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600



ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LICENSE

No. 22840

This certifies that

W David Bratley 594-BS-4358

doing business as Cape Environmental Management Inc

has satisfactorily completed the training required by South Carolina Regulation No. 61-86.1 and the EPA Model Accreditation Plan, 40 CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix C, for the category of

Consultant/Building Inspector

The holder of this license shall comply with all the requirements of said Regulation.

This License, License Number, or any Representation thereof, is not transferable to any other licensee or company. Use of this License is only authorized for the licensee and Company whose name appears hereon and shall expire one year from 01/20/00.

04/24/00

ORIGINAL

04/24/00 09:44

Richard D. Sharpe, Director Air Compliance Management Division

Richard D. Shape

Bureau of Air Quality

South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control

CR-001126

The Environmental Institute

Michael Black Social Security Number - 228-11-6508

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed an examination that meets all criteria required for EPA/AHERA/ASHARA (TSCA Title II) Approved Accreditation and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspection and Assessment

March 6-8, 2000

March 8, 2000
Examination Date

March 7, 2001

David W Hogue - Course Director

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600



ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LICENSE

No. 23059 This certifies that



228-BS-6508

doing business as Eape Environmental

has satisfactorily completed the training required by South Carolina Regulation No. 61-86.1 and the EPA Model Accreditation Plan, 40 CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix C, for the category of

Consultant/Building Inspector

The holder of this license shall comply with all the requirements of said Regulation.

This License, License Number, or any Representation thereof, is not transferable to any other licensee or company. Use of this License is only authorized for the licensee and Company whose name appears hereon and shall expire one year from 03/08/00.

04/21/00

ORIGINAL

04/21/00 16:19



Richard D Sharpe, Director

Air Compliance Management Division Bureau of Air Quality

South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control

CR-001126

The Environmental Institute

Brian Downes

Has completed coursework and satisfactorily passed an examination that meets all criteria required for EPA/AHERA/ASHARA (TSCA Title II) Approved Reaccreditation and NESHAP Regulations Training

Asbestos in Buildings: Inspector Refresher

June 23, 2000

June 23, 2000

June 22, 2001

David W. Hogue - Course Director

TEI - 1300 Williams Drive, Suite E - Marietta, Georgia 30066 - (770) 427-3600



ASBESTOS ABATEMENT LICENSE

No. 22770

This certifies that

Brian K Downes

210-BA-8395

doing business as Cape Environmental Management

has satisfactorily completed the training required by South Carolina Regulation No. 61-86.1 and the EPA Model Accreditation Plan, 40 CFR 763 Subpart E Appendix C, for the category of

Consultant/Building Inspector

The holder of this license shall comply with all the requirements of said Regulation.

This License, License Number, or any Representation thereof, is not transferable to any other licensee or company. Use of this License is only authorized for the licensee and Company whose name appears hereon and shall expire one year from 05/19/99

04/24/00

ORIGINAL

04/24/00 09 35



Richard D Sharpe, Director Air Compliance Management Division Bureau of Air Quality

Richard D. Shape

South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control

CR-001126



National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990 ISO 9002:1987

Scope of Accreditation



Page: 1 of 1

NVLAP LAB CODE 102111-0

CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, INC.

2302 Parklake Drive, Suite 200 Atlanta, GA 30345-2907 Mr. Aleksey Reznik

Phone: 770-908-7200 Fax: 770-908-7219

NVLAP Code

Designation

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

18/A01

EPA-600/M4-82-020: Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk

Insulation Samples

June 30, 2001

Effective through

Pavid I. alderman

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



CAPE ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, INC.

ATLANTA, GA

is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQC Q92-1987) as suppliers of calibration or test results. Accreditation is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for:

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

June 30, 2001

Effective through

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP Lab Code: 102111-0

ISO 9002:1987

National Institute of Standards and Technology



National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program

ISO/IEC GUIDE 25:1990 ISO 9002:1987

Scope of Accreditation



Page: 1 of 1

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

NVLAP LAB CODE 101235-0

MATERIALS ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

3945 Lakefield Court Suwanee, GA 30024 Dr. William E. Longo

Phone: 770-866-3200 Fax: 770-866-3259

E-Mail: blongo@mastest.com URL: http://www.mastest.com

NVLAP Code

Designation

18/A01

U.S. EPA's "Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples" as found in 40 CFR, Part 763, Subpart F, App. A, or the current U.S. EPA method for the analysis of asbestos in building material.

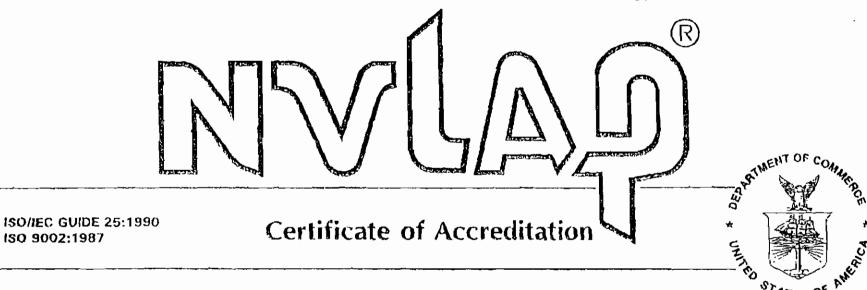
June 30, 2000

Effective through

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP-015 (11-95)

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



MATERIALS ANALYTICAL SERVICES, INC.

SUWANEE, GA

is recognized under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for satisfactory compliance with criteria established in Title 15, Part 285 Code of Federal Regulations. These criteria encompass the requirements of ISO/IEC Guide 25 and the relevant requirements of ISO 9002 (ANSI/ASQC Q92-1987) as suppliers of calibration or test results. Accreditation is awarded for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation for:

BULK ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

June 30, 2000

Effective through

For the National Institute of Standards and Technology

NVLAP Lab Code: 101235-0

ISO 9002:1987